Beaver & Gephart

Bellefonte Republican.

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Established in 1869. | "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. | Terms: $1 50 per Year.

The Philadelphia "Press" Again.

An Old Resident of Kansas Resents Its Course.

EDITOR BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN,

Dear Sir :—A friend sent me a copy of your paper of the 23rd inst. containing your criticisms on the Philadelphia *Press* for its slanders upon the people of Kansas.

As a citizen of Kansas that has resided in that state for twenty-five years, and voted the Republican ticket twenty odd years, I desire to thank you for myself and the thousands of Pennsylvania residents of Kansas, for your defense of them against the malicious slanders of the editor of the *Press*

I personally know over one hundred citizens of my county in Kansas, and there are thirty or forty thousand in the state who came from Pennsylvania—nine-tenths of them farmers—who are men of honor, decency and truth, "the latchet of whose shoes" the editor of the *Press* "is unworthy to even loose."

After the *Press* has printed falsehood upon falsehood and slander upon slander about the people of Kansas, I sent him a copy of Hon. P. P. Elder's letter, and instead of publishing it in the *Press*, as any right-thinking, honorable man would have done, he replies to it with more abuse and slander.

The editor's conscience may be invulnerable but the *Press* is not. It must listen to justice ; it cannot afford to assail the farming class of not only one state, but all the states, without suffering in character and influence.

You correctly say, Mr. Editor, that when the editor of a newspaper unintentionally wrongs another and fails to make correction when requested to do so "he falls below the title of a gentleman but renders himself a coward and unworthy of respect or belief." Yes ; and you might have truthfully added advertising himself to the world as a *base, mean man.*

There is no man in Philadelphia to-day that has a better personal character than Hon. P. P. Elder, late speaker of the House of Representatives of the Kansas Legislature.

The farmers of Kansas are not demagogues ; they are not repudiatureists. The members of the "people's party" in Kansas, that overthrew the 82,000 republican majority and defeated the *Press* editor's friend the prince of demagogues and political harlots, J. J. Ingalls, are not repudiators nor never will be, but honorable, God-fearing, Christian men, who believe in the precepts of "Decalogue and the Golden Rule." When honor and honesty are only called in question by truculent republican partisans and shysters in Kansas and other states, who are owned "body and breeches," like the editor of the *Press*, by corporations.

Why don't the editor of the *Press* turn loose the vials of his venom upon the Legislature of Pennsylvania. The Senate of his state has passed a law "that all debts in Pennsylvania may be paid in notes or whatever Congress declares to be a legal tender, without regard to the stipulations of the contracts. Because such a law was proposed in Kansas (never passed) she has been outrageously abused— what has the *Press* said about this matter at home ?

The members of the "People's Party" in Kansas are just as honest as they were two years ago when they voted the republican ticket. Kansas is in as good a shape, financially, as the majority of her sister states. One good crop will more than pay every dollar of both public and private debts her people have.

Pennsylvania, that in 1835 borrowed several millions from the general government and never repaid a dollar of it, may repudiate. New York, New Jersey and Massachusetts may repudiate their debts, but *Kansas never will.* She may not vote the Republican ticket anymore—I do not think she will—but her people will stand by their honor and honesty.

The late political cyclone was a protest against bossism ; a protest against bourbonism ; a protest against Ingallism ; a protest against Quayism ; a protest against political harlotcy ; a protest against greed and plunder ; a protest against Wall street domination, and their many protest puts them on the side of the best interests of the masses ; on the side of right ; on the side of honesty and obligates them to see to it that this best of all governments "shall not perish from the earth."

Very truly yours,

JOHN H. RICE.

New York, April 25th.

Table Talk.

"Table Talk" for May is at hand, with a list of suggestions of good things aggravating in the extreme, until one sees how plain this this bright little magazine makes their preparation. Its culinary and household departments are teeming with good things, demonstrating as usual its position as the American authority upon these subjects. We call attention to a few of the many good things contained in the May number. "Berries—How to Prepare, Keep and Use Them." "A Chapter on Co-operative Housekeeping." "A Bridesmaid's Luncheon." "A Yellow Luncheon." "New Menus for May." Informal Afternoons." "How the May Queen Sups." "House keepers' Inquiries." "Fashionable Luncheon and Tea Toilets." "Dining Here and There," and many other things to interest the housewife.

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An Important Decision.

PHILADELPHIA, May 4.—A special from Easton to the *Ledger* says: A decision was rendered by Judge Schuyler today declaring that Rev. Mr. Gross, the anti-Bowmanite pastor of the Bangor Evangelical church, was the duly accredited pastor of the church, and not the Rev Mr. Weyant, who was appointed by the Bowman Conference to fill the charge. This is the first decision rendered by the Court in Pennsylvania in controversy between the Bowmanites and anti-Bowmanites.

EITHER Hon. W. M. Springer, who thinks he is in the Speakership race, has a double or his opinions undergo as many and as rapid changes as the weather. It is hard to pick up a paper that does not contain an alleged interview with him, and no two of them represent him as entertaining the same opinion. But after all, come to think of it, he is only following old time democratic methods of gaining votes.

What is statesmanship ? Helping to add to the country commercially as well as politically. Making a profitable market for a million barrels of flour ; to say nothing of other American products and manufactures, as the new Cuban reciprocity treaty recently made with Spain will do, is the republican administration's idea of statesmanship, and it is one that every patriotic citizen can enthusiastically endorse.

THOSE Texans gave the President cheer
After cheer, with a will ;
But when voting time comes, we fear,
'Twill be found they're democrats still.

SENATOR PEFFER bids fair to go down to posterity as the champion talker of the nineteenth century.

A DARING SWINDLER.

ELIAS MILLER PLAYED FOR FIFTEEN HUNDRED DOLLARS.

Notwithstanding the continual exposure through the newspapers of everyday sharpers who are constantly plying their tricks on the innocent farmer there are still enough of gullible ones throughout the county who seem to be just living for a good opportunity to be skinned. The last operation of this kind occurred Tuesday morning and the subject was none other than Elias Miller, of near Madisonburg, who came very near being done up to the tune of fifteen hundred dollars. The particulars are as follows :

On Monday a stranger went to Baum's livery stable and hired a team to drive down Brush valley to look at a farm he was desirous of buying. He got the rig and proceeded on his journey. He drove at once to Mr. Miller's home and there spent the night, representing himself as a brother of H.A. McKee, the hardware dealer in this place, who had come down there to buy a certain farm and had been referred to Mr. Miller as a good man to take with him. The farm indicated was down near the lower end of Brush valley. Just before they started on their trip the man pulled a large envelope out of his pocket and asked *Mr.* Miller to put it in his safe until their return as he did not care to carry it with him for there were $3,500 in it. But, he said, for fear they should need a little money he would just take out $500 which he proceeded to do. Mr. *Miller* then put the envelope which he supposed contained $3,000, into his safe and the two men proceeded on their journey. They found the farm and the owner and it wasn't long until a bargain was struck in which it took $2,000 to make the first payment. The stranger had also heard that another party was coming there in the afternoon to buy the farm and he was anxious to secure it. Having only $500 with him he asked *Mr. Miller* if he wouldn't loan him $1500 until they would get back to his place when he (*Mr. Miller*) could just take $1500 out of the envelope in his safe. *Mr. Miller* agreed to this arrangement but they would have to go to *Millheim* to get the money. As the farm was not very far away they went. Proceeding at once to to the *Millheim* bank *Mr. Miller* drew his check for the amount and was just going to get it cashed when he was stopped by A. Baum who suddenly appeared on the scene and told *Mr. Miller* not to make a fool of himself at the same time charging the stranger with being an out and out swindler. Of course this saved *Miller's* $1500

Baum's appearance on the scene is accounted for as follows : After the fellow had departed on *Monday* he felt so convinced that he was a rascal that he became alarmed about his team. He accordingly hitched up his best horse and followed the man. When he got on his track in Brush valley and heard what he represented he at once knew that all was not straight and so proceeded to *Millheim* with all haste and, as our readers have seen, arrived there just at the right time.

Subsequent examination showed that there was not one dollar in the envelope he had given into *Miller's* keeping. When the man saw he was balked in his game he paid Baum for his team and hastily departed. District Attorney *Meyer* tried to locate him on Tuesday afternoon but the sharper had effectually disappeared and *Mr. Miller* is a little wiser than he was on *Monday* morning.

GROVER CLEVELAND to "Dave" Hill and others : Ah there ; I am a a democratic partisan, and don't you forget it; but there are traitors skulking in our camp, and I know them.

SULLIVAN vs. CENTRE.

TWO COUNTIES IN WHICH THE PRISONERS HAVE A PRETTY GOOD TIME OF IT.

A good many stories have been told of late about the manner of treating prisoners in the Centre county jail. Judge Orvis told a *Republican* reporter a new one the other day. "Some years ago," said he, "the sheriff was a crusty old fellow who had his own ideas about the treatment of prisoners. He did not believe they should be kept in cells in idleness and during the fishing season forced them to go out and catch fish for use at his table. This went all right for a time but after a week or two some of the prisoners grew lazy and often returned to the jail at night without any or with few fish. This made the sheriff howling mad and he finally brought the lazy ones to a sense of their obligations by refusing to admit them to re-enter the jail if they did not bring back a certain number of fish."

A gentleman from this city who was in Sullivan county a few days ago had his attention called to a peculiar state of affairs and told the story here this morning. The jail in that county is located in the basement of the court house. At present the only occupant is a man charged with forgery. While he is awaiting trial he goes daily to the stable of the Prothonotary of the county, a mile away, and takes care of the Prothonotary's horse. On Sundays his wife comes to town to see him and they go together to the hotel and dine.—Williamsport *Republican.*

IMPORTANT MEN DRIVEN OFF.

THIRTY-SEVEN HUNGASIANS COMPELLED TO FLY FROM THE REDSTONE WORKS.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., *May* 4.—Thirty seven Hungrrians from Braddock were landed at Frick's Redstone works this afternoon. They were met by the strikers, some of whom waved knives and other weapons until the strangers fled from the ground. They walked back to Union own where some of them took the first train North and others remained in town, and were to-night taken in tow by the strikers at Leith. Superintendent Wadsworth says Slavs will not take the place of striking Slavs. The work of eviction will now go on vigorously at Redstone and the company will place guards and attempt to run.

The Wallace Show.

The crowd in attendance at Wallace & Co.'s show yesterday afternoon and evening, surpassed everything that any circus has done here for years. In the afternoon fully 3,000 people witnessed the performance while in the evening the crowd exceeded it. The programme was carried out in every detail as advertised, and not one in the vast multitude went away dissatisfied. Fisher Bros. the world's greatest aerial artists in their flying bar acts were one of the special features, while the bareback riding of *Miss* Pauline Lee was, without a question, the best ever seen in this city. Lack of space will not allow us to mention all the features of this entertainment, suffice to say that Wallace & Co.'s Great Railroad Show will always meet with success in Buffalo, as they can always be relied upon as doing just what they advertise.—The Courier, Buffalo, N. Y. Will exhibit in Bellefonte on *May* 19th.

MANY years practice have given C. A Snow & Co., Solicitors of Patents, at Washington, D. C., unsurpassed success in obtaining patents for all classes of inventions: They make a specialty of rejected cases, and have secured the allowance of many patents that had been previously rejected. Their advertisement in another column will be of interest to inventors, patentees, manufacturers and all those who have anything to do with patents.

HASTINGS ON JOHNSTOWN

THE GENERAL TALKED NINETY NINUTES TO A LARGE AUDIENCE.

The auditorium of the opera house was filled on Monday evening to hear General Hastings deliver his lecture on Johnstown. About eight o clock Prof W. T. Meyer entertained the audience with a well executed and lively performance on the piano. Shortly after the curtain was rung up and the stage setting presented a most pleasing sight.

To the sides and in the background sat the following gentlemen: Gen. Beaver, Judge Christian, W. F. Reeder, James Milliken, A. O. Furst, J. L. Spangler, W. C. Heinle, Judge Dean and J. C. Meyer. General Hastings was introduced by General Beaver and then for one hour and a half the speaker entertained the audience with a vivid description of the terrible catastrophe, accounts of the first relief and how it was distributed ; the rescuing parties ; the amount of money expended in relief ; paid a tribute to Miss Clara Barton and another to Governor Beaver closing with a high tribute to the latter for the wise judgment displayed on that occasion. As everybody knows General Hastings is a fair talker and his lecture on Monday evening was heartily enjoyed by all present.

Court Gulings.

Proceedings in court this week have been quite dry. Considerable preliminary business was transacted. An order was issued for a special term of court to be held on the 4th *Monday* in June. The following cases were disposed of :

Daniel Rishel vs. Henry Brown. The jury returned a verdict for the plaintiff in the sum of $190.94.

The cause of C. A. *Mayer* vs. E. *M.* Sturdevant was continued at the costs of the plaintiff.

F. P. Blair vs. Bellefonte Furnace Co., a verdict for the plaintiff for the full amount of the land in dispute.

Mary A. Neidigh vs. H. Krumrine's exrs., verdict for the defendant.

This morning the time was all occupied by the trial of the case of Lehigh Valley Coal Co. vs. P. Ward, Sr., and P. Ward, Jr.

Might Have Been Killed.

On Monday evening Mr. Harry Kephart, of Unionville, arrived at the depot in this place just as the train was pulling out. He attempted to jump on but missed his footing and was dragged along for several rods by holding onto the guard rail. He finally let go his hold only to be turned a double somersault because of the momentum of the train. He was hastily picked up and found to be uninjured. By this time the train was stopped and Harry proceeded on his way.

IT is daily becoming more apparent that no considerable body of republicans favor the issuing of a currency by the Government that may be worth less than one hundred cents on the dollar to any man, rich or poor ; we don't want two kinds of dollars, one for the wealthy man and one for the laboring toiler. Dollars are like votes, one should always be as good as another.

ACCORDING to a recent remark of Senator Peffer he has grown bigger than both of the old political parties. We would respectfully remind the editor-Senator of the frog and ox fable.

THE give-something-for-nothing financial societies are after the money of the gullible. A word to the wise etc.

Save Yourself Money.—When you go to Pittsburg, Pa., stop at the Anchor Hotel, corner Liberty and Fourth streets. It is a strictly first-class Hotel conducted on the European plan. Lodgings, 25,—35, or 50 cents. a16-1y

—Overcoats, fur caps and mittens were at a premium this morning.

TOO MUCH KINDNESS.

How an Honest Scotchman Learned American Customs.

A canny Scotchman who keeps a little shop for the sale of his national products, we need not say dry, not a thousand miles from Astor House, New York, tells a good one on himself.

The shop is a sort of headquarters for the officers of the State and National line steamships when they are in port, and they often bring their fellow countrymen here for an hour's chat in the little basement office, with the dumb waiter running handily up to the place where they brew hot water and lemon peel.

One day a raw specimen was one of the guests. He had just come over, and was delighted to find that real Scotch groceries could be got in a foreign place. He was not used to the American style of treating, and when the proprietor passed a box of cigars to him he thanked him politely and declined.

"Go on," said the proprietor, encouragingly, "help yourself. It won't cost you a penny."

"Won't cost me a penny?" said the stranger, wonderingly.

"Not at all, mon. It's the custom of the country."

"Weel, weel, who'd a thocht it? This is too much kindness."

And the big hand of the stranger closed around half the cigars in the box. As the bunch went into his pocket a laugh went up from the steamship officers. The proprietor acknowledged that the drinks were on him, and the innocent stranger went away with a very high regard for a country so filled with kindness.—[New York Herald.

Poor Me.

The custom of pinning papers on the clothing of unsuspecting persons forms a venerable April fool joke. In fact, it is so timeworn and shows so little inventiveness that one is occasionally surprised at finding it still considered funny. Sometimes, however, even so ancient a pleasantry takes an unexpected turn.

A little boy was deftly pinning a bit of paper to an old gentleman's coat, when the latter suddenly turned, saw him, and laid a detaining hand on his shoulder.

"What's that you're doing?" he asked gruffly. "What are you putting that piece of paper on my coat for?"

"For—for an April fool, sir," stammered the boy, too much confused to evade the question.

The gentleman suddenly marched him along to a mirror in a shop window.

"There," said he, "look at your own back."

On the boy's jacket was pinned a paper of startling size, which certainly must have rustled audibly as he walked.

"Who did I understand you to say was the April fool?" inquired the gentleman politely ; and the boy opened his lips for one word, more humble than grammatical, "Me."

The Historic Nile.

The Nile is a remarkably different stream now from what it was in the days of the ancient Pharaohs. Its waters are still wanted for making the land of Egypt fertile each year, but they can no longer be depended upon, at least not to the extent desired. During three months of the twelve the river does not flow into the Mediterranean at all, and the department of public works is engaged on the question of storage reservoirs which will hold back some of the surplus water at flood time and let it out more leisurely as needed by the agriculturist. But a survey shows it to be impracticable to store water north of the first cataract, and the government design for building a dam at Philoe at a cost of $3,640,000 would only give one-third of the water wanted, while it would involve the submergence of the ruins at that point.—[Chicago Tribune.

A Very Good Definition.

A little New York boy, Tommy Knickerbocker, whose father is a prominent club man, was studying his lesson not long since. The little boy was very much puzzled over his lessons and finally he asked his pa :

"Pa, what does the word 'pretext' mean ?"

"Don't bother me," said his father, who was reading a newspaper ; but his mother spoke up and said sweetly :

"When your father says he has to go to the club on important business, that is a pretext to get away from his family."

Tommy jotted down the definition and read it out in school, thereby causing a sensation.

Palmy Days of Counterfeiting.

Counterfeiters now have at their disposal every facility which the Government has. Their engravers are as skillful as the Government engravers. The only defense has been in the use of special paper, containing hair lines, but now this defense has gone, for the special paper used by the counterfeiters in the bills just brought to light is as good as that turned out by the two mills in Massachusetts under Government control. The counterfeit has the same delicate thread running lengthwise, which is discernible only by the aid of the microscope.—[Chicago News.

Men die, but sorrow never dies;
The crowding years divide in vain,
And the wide world is knit with ties
Of common brotherhood in pain.
—[Susan Coolidge.

A SONG OF SEA WINDS.

How it sings, sings, sings,
Blowing sharply from the sea line,
With an edge of salt that stings;
How it laughs aloud and passes,
As it cuts the close cliff grasses;
How it sings again and whistles
As it shakes the stout sea thistles—
How it sings!

How it shrieks, shrieks, shrieks,
In the crannies of the headland,
In the gashes of the creeks;
How it shrieks once more, and catches
Up the yellow foam in patches;
How it whirls it out and over
To the cornfield and the clover—
How it shrieks!

How it roars, roars, roars
In the iron under-caverns,
In the hollows of the shores;
How it roars anew and thunders,
As the strong hull splits and sunders;
And the spent ship, tempest driven,
On the reef lies rent and riven—
How it roars!

How it wails, wails, wails
In the tangle of the wreckage,
In the flapping of the sails;
How it sobs away, subsiding,
Like a tired child, after chiding;
And across the ground swell rolling
You can hear the bell-buoy tolling—
How it wails!

—[Austin Dobson.

BETTINA'S STORY.

My little neighbor, Bettina, came in one evening and said imperiously: "Tell me a story."

"Certainly," I said; "sit down and I will begin: 'Once upon a time, a long, long time ago.'"

"I don't like 'a long, long time ago'—that's the way grandma's stories always begin, and you're not as old as grandma and can't know anything about 'a long, long time ago.' Tell me something else."

"Very well," I said submissively, "I know a very pretty story about a little girl who was one day out in the fields gathering flowers, and as she was sauntering along——"

"She met a little old woman, who said to her, 'little girl'—I know all that, the little girl and the little old woman always say the same things and the little old woman always turns out to be a fairy and the little girl always marries the prince. I don't want to marry a prince; my papa says there isn't a prince living he couldn't buy up three times over——"

"Bettina!" I gasped.

"And as for fairies, I've been in the fields often, and I've never met any fairies big or little."

"And what's more, Bettina," I said, shaking my head at her sadly, "you never will."

"No, and I don't want to; they always say such foolish things like the stupid old giants. I'm sick of giants! I saw one once in a dime museum, and he didn't eat up anybody or say 'fee, fo, fi, fum' way down in his shoes like the books say; he just stood up there and let people look at him and feel him like a piece of wood. He wasn't worth paying a dime to see. Tell me a story, please."

"But it is so hard to tell you a story; there are so many things you don't like. Let me see—shall I tell you about the man in the moon?"

"There isn't any man in the moon; there's nothing but dried up lakes and rocks there, and all sorts of dead things."

"Oh!"

"And I don't want to hear about Santa Claus, because I know who Santa Claus is, and anyhow he couldn't get down the chimney through the grate, because the grate's too little."

"Well, then, there is the rabbit that comes on Easter——"

Bettina's lip curled scornfully. "Who I order the dye for the eggs myself!"

"Red Ridinghood——"

"Pooh! Who ever heard a wolf talk! Did you?"

"No," I said feebly; "but they sometimes bite."

"'Course they do, if anybody's crazy 'nough to go close to them. I guess Red Ridinghood was silly."

"Then," I said desperately, "suppose you tell me a story."

This idea seemed to please her. She leaned back complacently in her chair and folded her hands in her lap. Her hair fell on her shoulders like yellow silk; her skin was sweet and pink; her eyes blue, and her little form clad in costly clothes, made in the picturesquely simple fashion of long ago. An ideal looking child, aureoled by the setting sun.

"Well," she began, in a quick, monotonous tone, pitching her voice a key higher than usual, "there's a man lives next door to us named Smith—you've seen him?"

"Yes."

"He has a wife and she's named Smith—you've seen her?"

"Yes."

"And they've got five children—Anna Smith, Fannie Smith, Tommy Smith, Georgie Smith—you've seen them?"

"Yes."

"And a baby—you've seen it?"

"Yes."

"But the baby hasn't been christened yet; it's got four teeth—two lower teeth, and two upper teeth, and when it cries it goes 'wha-an, wha-an, wha-an,' and it's got blue eyes and no hair; and they've got a dog—you've seen it?"

"No."

—"Named Bruno, and every time the baby goes out the dog goes with it, and they always know when the baby's coming home, because the dog comes in first; and they've got a cow, and a cat that's too old to catch rats, and mamma says she don't know why they keep it because it costs something to feed it, but the children are awful fond of it; and they've got a cook and a house girl, but they haven't got a nurse and they haven't got a carriage 'cause they're too poor to keep one, and mamma says they're not the kind of people she wants to loan ours to. I don't know why—'cause their shoes are clean and their clothes are very nice, though they don't cost as much as mine—and they've got nice hats—Anna's hat's got pink flowers on it, and Fannie's hat's got blue flowers, and Georgie's hat's got red flowers, and the baby's got a lace cap all full of frills, and every one of them, 'cepting the baby, have had the measles, and croup, and mumps, and whooping cough, and earache, and toothache, and scarlet fever; and Tommy's cut his finger often, and Fannie once ran a needle in hers, and Georgie fell down and broke a tooth, and Anna hurt her foot so she couldn't walk for a week, and Mrs. Smith has headaches sometimes, and so does Mr. Smith, and this morning the house girl broke a new dish they'd just bought, and Mrs. Smith said she was going to take it out of her wages, and Mr. Smith said she'd better not 'cause maybe she wouldn't have, and it's so hard to get good girls, and Mrs. Smith didn't do it, and Anna and Georgie say they're awfully glad 'cause they like the girl. I think she's named Susan, and she's got a sister named Mary, and a brother named Bob. I've never seen them but Anna says so and—but it's getting late, I guess I'd better be going."

"But the end of your story, Bettina?"

Bettina opened her eyes very wide and stared at me. "The end!" she exclaimed; "there isn't any end. The Smiths are still next door to us and I guess they're going on living there as long as they pay their rent. Maybe they'll die some day but I guess they won't less they catch the smallpox. There's Venus, the evening star, and Jupiter's the morning——"

"Good night, Bettina," I interposed hastily; "good night."

As I watched her little form vanishing across the lawn I sighed for the children that are no more and for the good old fable that has been swallowed up by fact.—[I. B. F., in New Orleans Picayune.

"THE WHOLE WORLD DRUNK."

Count Tolstoi's Remarkable Sensational Article in a Late Review.

To what extent can smoking stifle the voice of conscience? questions Count Tolstoi in the *Contemporary Review*. We have no need to seek for the materials for a solution of this question in exceptional cases of crime and remorse; it is amply sufficient to observe the behavior of the ordinary—one might almost say of any—smoker. Every smoker, abandoning himself to his passion, loses sight of, or rides roughshod over, certain of the most elementary rules of social life, the observance of which he demands from others, and which he himself respects in all other cases, whenever his conscience is not completely silenced by tobacco.

But not only is the smoker a nuisance to his neighbors; he also damages his own spiritual and mental capacity. For the more a man stupefies himself with these stimulants and narcotics, the more stolid, quiescent, and stagnant he becomes intellectually and morally. It follows, therefore, that by far the greatest part of all that is done in this world of ours, both by those whose profession it is to guide and teach others and by those who are thus guided and taught, is done in a state of sobriety.

Is it conceivable that people not drunk should calmly set about doing all the extraordinary things that are being accomplished in our world, from the Eiffel Tower to obligatory military service? It is utterly inconceivable.

None but drunken men—men who never have a lucid interval of sobriety—could do these things, could live on in spite of this perpetual, irreconcilable, terrible conflict between life and conscience, in which not only in this matter, but in all other respects, the people of our world live and have their being.

At no other period of the world's history, I feel convinced, did mankind lead an existence in which the dictates of conscience and their deliberate actions were in such evident conflict as at present.

It seems as if the human race in our days had got fastened to something that is holding it back, impeding its progress. There would seem to be some external cause which hinders it from attaining the position that belongs to it of right, in virtue of consciousness.

The cause in question—or, if there be several, the main cause—is the physical state of stupefaction to which the overwhelming majority of human beings reduce themselves by means of alcohol and tobacco.

The deliverance of humanity from this terrible evil will mark an epoch in the life of the race, and, apparently, this epoch will arrive in the near future. The evil is already recognized. A change in the consciousness of men in reference to the use of brain poisoning stimulants and narcotics has already taken place; people are beginning to realize the terrible mischief they produce, and they are manifesting this feeling in acts; and this imperceptible change in their consciousness must inevitably bring in its train the emancipation of humanity from the influence of all such brain poisons. This emancipation of mankind from the thraldom of brain poisons will open their eyes to the demands of their consciousness, and they will forthwith begin to put their life in harmony with its dictates.

The Work of Joaquin Miller's Life.

For four years I have been getting ready for the work of my life. I have planted my forests and my orchards, built my home on the hills and secured a residing place for my mother, and now I am ready to complete my life of Christ in verse. It will be the work of my life. As nearly as possible I will follow Bible lines, and will incorporate the best of the parables, together with Psalms and Proverbs. I will invent some parables, of course, fitting them in the places where they belong. There is so much romance, beauty, and poetry in the life that it will not be at all difficult for me to select my themes and subjects. Christ was a beautiful man, lived among the most beautiful of women and the most beautiful surroundings. I can imagine those soft, dark skinned, beautiful Jewish girls, sensuously beautiful women, who can be painted in poetry and in song. I expect it will take me several years to complete the work.—[Joaquin Miller, in St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Kansas has reason to be proud of her women officeholders. Mrs. Kellogg, of that State, makes an admirable assistant attorney general; and Mrs. Slater, who is now serving her second term as mayor of Argonia, is said to have done all the housework for her family of five people, as well as given due attention to her public duties during her tenure of office.

..IG FIND OF MUMMIES.

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY OF AN EGYPTIAN CRYPT.

Numerous Manuscripts—Their Deciphering May Restore the Lost Learning of Egypt—Curious Questions That Await Solution.

A letter from Cairo to the New York [illegible] announces the discovery near the Temple of Hatasu, in Egypt, of a crypt containing mummies and manuscripts that have never before been disinterred. The discovery is considered as important as that in Der el Bahari, in 1871, when the mummies of Rameses the Great, the chief oppressor of the Israelites, and of Thothmes I, II, and III, Seti I, and Amenhotep I, were recovered. The hidden tombs at Der el Bahari had been preyed upon for 10 years by the shrewd Arab who discovered them. He had opened mummy cases and sold jewels and manuscripts to travelers, and many manuscripts were destroyed, but others were decipherable.

These manuscripts threw much light upon the customs of the Egyptians, their daily life, and the extent of their learning in medicine and law. The historical references have never been very useful, except to fix dates, as the records are merely boasting of kings written in the most florid style. Truth about kings was smothered. The learned men of Egypt formed a vast organization for keeping knowledge within the bounds they had fixed. The discovery of a subterranean tomb or crypt near the temple of Queen Hatasu, at Thebes, was made by an Arab, who reported it to the government, and received a proper reward for his faithfulness. The temple stands under a bluff of limestone at some distance from the Nile. Near the temple the opening of a perpendicular shaft in the solid rock was found. This shaft upon exploration proved to be 45 feet deep, and at the bottom was a doorway, which had been walled up. The following description of the underground chambers is from the Cairo letter:

"Passing through the doorway, the explorers entered a level corridor running north and south, about 250 feet long. From this a flight of steps led downward about 18 feet, and then came another corridor nearly 40 feet long. At the ends of this second corridor were two mortuary chambers. Still a third corridor was found, starting from the top of the stairway and extending 175 feet. The mummies were found piled about in all parts of these room and corridors in such a way as to favor the theory that they were hastily removed thither from their original resting place."

Up to February 19 about 160 mummies had been removed to the Boulak Museum. It is the opinion of the Egyptologists who are in charge of the examination of the mummies and manuscripts that the most recent belong to the twenty-first dynasty. That dynasty was established by a priest who possessed great influence. Many of the mummies are those of priests. About the corridors are hollow wooden images containing manuscripts, and other manuscripts have been found upon piles of mummy cases. It is believed that these writings were hidden by priests after the mummies were removed to the underground chambers. The hasty disposal of the mummy cases and manuscripts leads to the conclusion that they were originally deposited in the temple of Hatasu and removed before a threatened invasion. The painting on the cases, although at least 3,000 years old, is brilliant in color and apparently unchanged. The elaborate decorations indicate that the dead were persons of consequence. The forms of some of the mummy cases are new to Egyptologists and new forms of hieroglyphics appear in the manuscripts. This may be accounted for by the fact, recorded by Rawlinson, that Herhor of the twenty-first dynasty had formed alliances with outside nations and had a wife of Semitic race, who was not a princess. Herhor was known as Si-Ammon or son of Ammon. If the new records can be deciphered, the history of Egypt may be rewritten. It would be a singular and interesting outcome, if, at this late day, all of the lost learning of Egypt should be restored.

The civilization of ancient Egypt had a vast influence upon the world, chiefly through the captivity of the Israelites. The Egyptians devoted a great part of their energies and their fortunes to preparations for a future life. Their belief in the literal resurrection of the body has had its influence upon all religious beliefs. Whatever modern antiquarians believe, they have not respected the belief of the Egyptians; for the Egyptian dead have been scattered and destroyed, ship-loads of mummies having been brought to England and the United States to be ground into paint. The vast cemeteries have been pillaged for relics of the past. Still the resurrection of the body is one of the cardinal doctrines of to-day. The Egyptians held it necessary to aid in that resurrection by preparing the body for it. The moderns hold that the power which can raise the body to an immortal life is great enough to bring together the scattered fragments after dissolution. The belief in the resurrection of the body was shared by the Incas of Peru as well as by the Egyptians, and Peruvian mummies are as common in our museums as those from the land of the Nile. The tombs of Mexico and the mummies of [illegible] best evidences yet adduced [illegible] were formerly a [illegible] between Africa and America. [illegible] the last Atlantis came from [illegible] America go for [illegible] question now [illegible] have to [illegible] are the pyramids [illegible] of Peru older [illegible]

[illegible] "coiled in" [illegible] A large ma[illegible] young trees [illegible] simple precaution [illegible] served.

LESSONS IN HYDRAULICS.

Tremendous Power of Water Under High Vertical Pressure.

Justice Field, of the Supreme Court, at a dinner party at Washington astonished the distinguished guests present, including the President, the Chief Justice, and Speaker Reed, by statements he made, based on his California experience, of the power of water in motion, as illustrated by hydraulic mining. Justice Field, giving ex-Senator Fair, of Nevada, as authority, stated that under a vertical pressure of 100 or 200 feet, the force of the stream is sometimes so great as to hurl away or hold boulders weighing a thousand pounds; and that it would be no more possible to cut through such a stream with a crowbar or an axe, where it issued from the nozzle, than to sever eight inches of solid iron with a penknife. The distinguished guests were incredulous, and Justice Field promised to collect evidence in support of his statements that would satisfy the doubters. He has done so, and the New York *Sun* has had the opportunity of collating some of the wonders of practical hydraulics gathered by Justice Field. We think they will astonish the general reader who has paid little attention to this branch of mechanics.

Mr. Louis Glass, for 16 years the superintendent of the Spring Valley mine, assures Justice Field that he has seen an 8 inch stream, under 311 feet of vertical pressure, move in a sluggish way a 2 ton boulder at a distance of 20 feet from the nozzle; and that the same stream striking a rock of 500 pounds would throw it as a man would throw a 20 pound weight. "No man that ever lived," adds Mr. Louis Glass, "could strike a bar through one of these streams within 20 feet of discharge; and a human being struck by such a stream would be killed—pounded into a shapeless mass." Mr. Augustus J. Bowie, of San Francisco, the author of a standard book on hydraulic mining, estimates that the stream from a 6 inch nozzle, under 450 feet vertical pressure, delivers a blow of 588,735 foot pounds every second, equivalent to 1,070 horse power. "It is absolutely impossible," says Mr. Bowie, "to cut such a stream with an axe or to make an impression on it with any other implement." Mr. Bowie adds that, although never to his knowledge has a man been struck by such a stream as it comes from the pipe, several accidents have occurred where miners were killed by very much smaller streams at distances of 150 or 200 feet from the nozzle. After elaborate series of computations, Professor Samuel F. Christy, of the University of California, an eminent authority on mining and metallurgy, reports to Justice Field that—

"If a nozzle of from six to nine inches diameter were specially arranged to throw a stream vertically upward against a spherical boulder of quartz weighing 1,000 pounds, the vertical head being anywhere from 100 to 500 feet, the boulder would be forced up until the diminished velocity of the stream established an equilibrium of pressure. There would be a point at which the upward pressure of the stream would exactly balance the gravity pressure of the boulder, holding it, the half ton rock, there suspended. In practice, of course, the boulder could not be balanced accurately upon the axis of the stream, but would fall to one side or the other. But if a large conical basket of iron bars were arranged about the nozzle so as to catch the boulder whenever it should be deflected from the stream and return it to the nozzle, the 1,000 pounds of quartz would be kept in play like a ball in a fountain. As to cutting these streams, Professor Christy says that he has often tried to drive a crowbar into one of them. The stream felt as solid as a bar of iron, and, although he could feel the point of the crowbar enter the water for perhaps half an inch, the bar was thrown forward with such force that it was almost impossible to retain it in the grasp. An axe swung by the most powerful man alive could not penetrate the stream; yet it might be cut by the finger of a child, if the child were seated on a railway train moving parallel with the stream in the same direction and with the same velocity. That velocity would be considerably more than a mile a minute."

History of the Tomato.

The tomato has a curious history. After the revolution of San Domingo many French families came from there to Philadelphia, where they introduced their favorite pomme d'amour. Although introduced from South America as early as 1596 into England, it was looked upon with suspicion, and its specific name, lycopersicum, derived from lykos (wolf) and persicon (a peach), referring to the beautiful but deceptive appearance of its fruit, intimates pretty closely the kind of estimation in which it was held. It is now, however, all but universally used, even in England.

No Such Word as "Forget."

A successful business man says that he learned two things when he was 18 years of age which were afterward of great use to him, viz: Never to lose anything and never to forget anything.

An old lawyer sent him with an important paper, and gave him certain instructions. "But," said the young man, "suppose I lose it; what shall I do then?"

"You must not lose it."

"I shall not mean to, but what if that should happen?"

"But I say it must not happen. I shall make no provision for such an occurrence. You must not lose it."

This put a new idea into the young man's head. Ever after he made such a provision against every contingency that he did not lose things.

He found this equally true about forgetting. If a matter of importance was to be remembered, he pinned it down on his mind, fastened it there, and made it stay. He said: "When a man tells me he forgot to do something, I tell him he might as well say, 'I do not care enough about your business to take the trouble to think about it.' Forgetting is a lazy, careless habit of the mind which can be cured."

$155,000,000 IN GRAPES.

AN AREA OF 400,000 ACRES IN VINES IN THE UNITED STATES.

A Product of 4,000,000 Gallons of Wine and 320,000 Tons of Table Grapes—Statistics Gathered for the First Time—California the Wonderland of the Vine.

"I have no doubt that it will surprise even grape and wine growers themselves to know that there are invested in vineyards and wine cellars in the United States over $155,000,000," said Colonel H. Gardener, special agent of the census office for the collection of statistics relating to viticulture, a branch of agriculture which has never before received any official attention in this country. "I find by statistics, which are now collected for the first time, that there are in round numbers 400,000 acres of land in this country planted to vineyards, of which 300,000 will be in bearing this year. This is an increase of 220,000 acres in vineyard area during the past 10 years and an increase of over $10,000,000 a year in the capital invested. Of the area of bearing vines in the country California alone has 150,000 acres, including 25,000 acres of raisin grapes. That State also has of the total investment of capital nearly $78,000,000. Between 30,000,000 and 40,000,000 gallons of wine will be made in the United States this year, of which California will produce more than half. Seven-eighths of the grapes of California go to the wine press. Four-fifths of the grapes grown in all the rest of the United States are for table use. California alone grows the raisin grape.

"I spent three months in California this season, giving official attention to its viticultural interests. Although every county in the State produces grapes, the principal counties of the vine are Napa, Sonoma, Fresno, Santa Clara, San Diego, San Barnardine, and Los Angeles, although there are many others of more or less importance. The counties of Fresno, San Barnardino, San Diego, and Tulare comprise the great raisin district, and will cure 2,000,000 boxes this fall, a product worth at least $3,000,000. The grapes grown for raisins are the Muscat of Alexandria and the Muscat del Gardo Blanco. These counties grow large quantities of wine grapes also, and the sweet wines of California come principally from that district. Fresno county has 25,000 acres of vineyards, Sonoma 21,000, and Napa 16,000.

"The grapes grown in California to-day include every variety that have made the vineyards of Europe famous. The cultivation of the grape in California dates back to the days of the old Spanish friars, the Franciscan fathers, who brought with them from their native land cuttings of a grape popular there. Just what the true name of the grape was nobody seems to know now, and very few care, for while there are in bearing to-day some of the vineyards or vines set out by the jolly Franciscans a century or more ago, the grape is not in high esteem nowadays. It has always been known as the mission grape. The old mission vineyard supplied grapes for the table and the wine press in California until a comparatively short time ago. Then a Hungarian grape known as the Zinfandel was introduced. This newcomer was handsome, proved to be a generous producer, and took the popular heart.

"It proved to be an unfortunate one, for it seemed so easy to grow the Zinfandel that everybody planted vineyards. When they began to bear they bore with a vengeance. The market became choked with grapes, and prices went down to disastrous figures. It became apparent that the Zinfandel was an inferior grape after all, and to cap the climax the phylloxera came down on the Hungarian importion and bore it away, vineyard after vineyard. No new vineyards were replanted with the Zinfandel, and the vine is being replaced with the choicest and hardiest varieties of wine grapes from the famous districts of Europe, including Cabernet Sauvignon, Carbanet Franc, Malbock, Tarnat, Merlot, and St. Laurent grapes from the Bordeaux districts; Mataros grapes from Palos; Semillons and Sauvignons from Sauterne; Pinot and Petite Sirrah grapes from the Burgundy districts; Johnnisbergers, Traminers and Franken Rieslings from the storied Rhine; Chasselos grapes from Alsace Lorraine, and the rich Burgers from Moselle.

"California has the largest vineyard in the world. The vineyard is in Tahama county, on Senator Leland Stanford's famous 56,000 acre farm. It contains 4,000 acres. Senator Stanford also has a wine cellar on his vineyard of notable capacity. There are now stored in it 1,000,000 gallons of wine and 300,000 gallons of brandy. They have been now in storage four years. The government tax on the brandy alone was $270,000, which had to be paid before it left the still. A more remarkable case of persistent storage of brandy is that of the estate of the late General Nagle, who was one of the pioneer wine growers of California. The cellars have held 60,000 gallons of brandy in store since 1871. This brandy, including cost of making, tax, shrinking, and interest, now represents a cost of $14 a gallon. The largest wine cellar in the world is owned by Baume & Wise, near St. Helena, their capacity being 2,500,000 gallons. Thirteen tunnels extend 250 feet into the side hill from the main building. They are sixteen feet wide and eleven high. The building is 400 feet long and 80 wide, built of volcanic stone.

"Among the curiosities of the California grape region is a vineyard that may well be called the smallest in the world as regards number of vines, for it has but one vine. That is a most remarkable one, however, for its branches extend over a space of 12,000 feet, the cane being a foot in diameter. This extraordinary vine is over 70 years old and was grown from an old mission cutting by a Mexican woman. It has borne grapes every year since it was two years old and is good now, they claim, for six tons of grapes a year. I was told that clusters weighing seven pounds had been picked from this ancient relic of the mission days."

Sabina, the Fair Roman.

The ladies of the present day in New York and elsewhere, who flatter themselves that they dress expensively, should read about Lollia, Paulina, Sabina, and a few more of their Roman prototypes. Paulina, for instance, is known to have had a gown that cost $1,600,000. Pliny records the fact of seeing her at a plain citizens' wedding supper covered with pearls and emeralds valued at 40,000,000 sesterces, equivalent to $1,560,000. Sabina was the fair Roman dame who never traveled without a train of 500 asses so that she might not miss her daily bath in asses' milk. The object in raking up these old personalities is to show our American ladies that they are really dressing in a very common way.

Gold That Goes Into Molars.

A dentist in good practice uses over $1,000 worth of gold a year in filling teeth. Some prepare their own gold, getting it from a United States mint, and then making it chemically pure. Others get it from the goldbeaters, but the greater part obtain it from dental supply firms. This gold is put up in eight ounce packages, packed in small glass vials, each containing a fraction of an ounce. The cylindrical pieces of gold in it are gold foil of a very soft and spongy kind. When hammered into a hollow tooth one of these cylinders will not take up one-twentieth of the space it occupied in the vial. There are several dental supply factories in the country. The largest is on Staten Island, and turns out $500,000 in gold for dental purposes every year.

What Keeps the Bicycler Upright?

Let us suppose a 'cyclist mounted on his wheel and riding, say toward the north. He finds himself beginning to tilt toward his right. He is now going not only north with the machine, but east also. He turns the wheel eastward. The point of support must of necessity travel in the plane of the wheel; hence it at once begins to go eastward, and, as it moves much faster than the rider tilts it quickly gets under him, and the machine is again upright. To one standing at a distance, in front or rear, the bottom of the wheel will be seen to move to the right and left.

I conclude, then, that the stability of the bicycle is due to turning the wheel to the right or left, whichever way the leaning is, and thus keeping the point of support under the rider, just as a boy keeps upright on his finger a broomstick standing on its smallest end.—[Popular Science Monthly.

The Charm of Eugenie's Face.

When the Empress Eugenie was at her best I could only admire her side face, and thought the front face unpleasant and full of glaring defects. Its under part (les bas joues) was the reverse of oval, and approximated to the pear shape of Louis Philippe's visage. The nose at the nostrils was very wide and at the bridge so extremely narrow as almost to be unsightly. Her eyebrows rose far too high above the inner corners of the eyes and fell too low at the outer ones. The eyelids seemed drawn down along with them. She had a very poor forehead, and the narrowness of the face across the eyes showed that the mass of brain behind was too limited in quantity and had not, such as it was, room for easy play. All these defects have become accentuated. But I think her profile, from an esthetic standpoint, more beautiful than in the triumphant phase of her strange life because of the purifying action of sorrow and (I doubt not) contrition. Its harmony is marvelous. The charm vanishes when the front face is presented.

Curious Freaks of Steel.

The finest grades of razors are so delicate that even the famous Damascus sword blades can not equal them in texture. It is not generally known that the grain of a Swedish razor is so sensitive that its general direction is changed after a short service. When you buy a fine razor the grain runs from the upper end of the outer point in a diagnal direction toward the handle. Constant strapping will twist the steel until the grain appears to be straight up and down. Subsequent use will drag the grain outward from the edge, so that after steady use for several months the fiber of the steel occupies a position exactly the reverse of that which it did on the day of purchase. The process also affects the temper of the blade, and when the grain sets from the lower and outer point toward the back, you have a razor which can not be kept in condition, even by the most conscientious barber. But here's another curious freak that will take place in the same tool: Leave the razor alone for a month or two, and when you take it up you will find that the grain has assumed its first position. The operation can be repeated until the steel is worn through to the back.

Good Words for Girls.

Your mother is your best friend.

Have nothing to do with girls who snub their parents.

Tell the pleasantest things you know when at meals.

Do not expect your brother to be as dainty as a girl.

Exercise, and never try to look as if you were delicate in health.

Introduce every new acquaintance to your mother as soon as possible.

Don't think it necessary to get married. There is plenty of room for old maids, and they are oftener happier than wives.

Enjoy the pleasures provided for you by your parents to the fullest extent. They will like that as a reward better than any other.

Most fathers are inclined to over indulge their daughters. Make it impossible for your father to spoil you by fairly returning his devotion and affection.

Never think you can afford to be dowdy at home. Cleanliness, hair well dressed, and a smile will make calico look like silks and satins to a father or brother.

Do you quarrel with your brother; do not preach at him and do not coddle him. Make him your friend and do not expect him to be your servant, nor let him expect you to be his.

Pine Glen Items.

Rev. Cadle continues to preach in the M. E. church.

Rev. Jackson has been sick but was able to preach in Messiah's church a few Sundays ago.

Both Sabbath schools are working with zeal to accomplish a lasting work.

Mr. Tom Dale, of Unionville, visited this place recently.

Mrs. Clara Brown is home from Bellevernon visiting her mother at this place. Her husband will come in a few days and spend some time in trying his luck with the speckled beauties.

Mr. Hara Beates of this place is now in Delaware.

Among those attending school at the Lock Haven Normal are Misses Maggie Beates and Emma Midlam, Messrs. Jack. Milliard, and Frank Loy, and Elmer Bows, all of this place.

Mr. Joe Yothers has gone to Potter county.

Mr. Ed. Beates has returned from Buffalo.

Miss Jennie Beates will teach a subscription school at this place.

Mr. James Sankey has returned from Potter county where he spent the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Veihdorfer attended the funeral of his sister, Mrs. Shirk near Wallace Run.

Several friends were visiting Mr. George Boak, among them being Mr. Bibbin Haus.

Miss Sallie Cook has returned home from Jersey Shore.

Mr. William Hipple is making shingle bolts.

Mr. Sam Hoover is assisting Mr. Nelson Watson in putting a pale fence around the yard of the late William White's estate.

Forest fires are numerous. Keep a "lookout" for your fences, farmer.

*

In the Coke Regions.

SCOTTDALE, Pa., May 4.—The coke strikers are greatly excited over what they term the murder of one of their number at Leisenring No. 3 last evening. John McSloy, member of the executive board, arrived here to-day from Dunbar, where he swore out warrants for the arrest of Superintendent Robert Gray, Yard Boss John Agnew, Pit Boss Barney Callaghan and two of the Pinkerton guards, charging them with the murder of John Mohan. In making a statement of how the murder occured McSloy said :

"Between 8 and 9 o'clock last evening the above named persons went to boarding house No. 17 and endeavored to persuade the men to return this morning. Failing in their efforts they became somewhat chagrined and left the house. When about 150 feet away they met Mohan and several others, who, knowing their business, commenced jeering and laughing at them. This seemed to greatly enrage Supt. Gray's party, who immediately, with their Winchester rifles, opened fire on the men. Four shots were fired and Mohan fell dead, having been shot through the head ; one other of the party came near meeting a similar fate, as a ball whizzed past his head so close that it slightly cut the skin on his nose."

Base Ball Yesterday

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Brooklyn—Boston 3, Brooklyn 2.

At Chicago—Pittsburg 3, Chicago 4.

At Cleveland — Cincinnatti 3, Cleveland 9.

At Philadelphia—New York 3, Philadelphia 9.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At Boston—Washington 4, Boston 11.

At Columbus—Louisville 1, Columbus 6.

At Cincinnatti—St. Louis 11, Cincinnatti 1.

At Philadelphia — Baltimore 9, Athletic 9. Game called at the end of ninth inning on account of darkness.

CHICAGO will have a republican Mayor during the World's Fair, which means ample security for the persons and property of those visiting the exposition. Good for Chicago too.

Teacher—If by the use of

Wolff's ACME Blacking

you save one pair of Shoes a year, and a bottle at 15 cents lasts three months, for how many years blacking will one year's saving in shoe Leather pay?

Ask in Drug, Paint and House Furnishing Stores for Pik-Ron, *which*

WILL STAIN OLD & NEW FURNITURE
WILL STAIN GLASS AND CHINAWARE
WILL STAIN TINWARE
WILL STAIN YOUR OLD BASKETS
WILL STAIN BABY'S COACH AND

Varnish at the same time.

TRADE PIK-RON MARK
A PAINT THAT ONE CAN SEE THROUGH
TRY IT.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, Philadelphia.

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For Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs, AND POULTRY.

500 Page Book on Treatment of Animals and Chart Sent Free.

CURES : **Fevers, Congestions, Inflammation**
A.A.—Spinal Meningitis, Milk Fever.
B.B.—Strains, Lameness, Rheumatism.
C.C.—Distemper, Nasal Discharges.
D.D.—Bots or Grubs, Worms.
E.E.—Coughs, Heaves, Pneumonia.
F.F.—Colic or Gripes, Bellyache.
G.G.—Miscarriage, Hemorrhages.
H.H.—Urinary and Kidney Diseases.
I.I.—Eruptive Diseases, Mange.
J.K.—Diseases of Digestion, Paralysis.

Single Bottle (over 50 doses), - - .60
Stable Case, with Specifics, Manual, Veterinary Cure Oil and Medicator, $7.00
Jar Veterinary Cure Oil, - - 1.00

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HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28

In use 30 years. The only successful remedy for **Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness,** and Prostration, from over-work or other causes. $1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for $5. Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price.
HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

TO THE SPORTSMAN.

Camp life has a peculiar charm ; but, to fully enjoy it, you must be prepared for all kinds of weather. Did you ever catch your rubber coat on a sharp twig or rough rock, and spoil it the first day? Ask any hunter or sportsman who uses a "Fish Brand Slicker," how he likes them. He will tell you it is tent, blanket, and coat, all in one. Light, dry, and warm, and will stand any amount of hard usage. No need of being concerned about the weather. Why do you wait till it rains, when you can be provided for all weather if you buy a "Fish Brand Slicker" now? Don't wa... A day's delay may be the cause of a month's sickness: can you afford to take the risk? Beware of worthless imitations, every garment stamped with the "Fish Brand" Trade Mark. Don't accept any inferior coat when you can have the "Fish Brand Slicker" delivered without extra cost. Particulars and illustrated catalogue free.

A. J. TOWER, - Boston, Mass.

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FOR CONSUMPTION

Piso's Cure is our best selling medicine. I have a personal knowledge of its beneficial effects, and recommend it. —S. LARRY; Druggist, Allegheny, Pa.
may7-1y

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CURES ALL DISEASES.

THE GREATEST MEDICINE OF THE AGE

IT PURIFIES THE BLOOD,
DESTROYS MICROBES,

the cause of every disease, and is a wonderful

Tonic and Antiseptic

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$3000 A YEAR! I undertake to briefly teach any fairly intelligent person of either sex, who can read and write, and who, after instruction, will work industriously, how to earn **Three Thousand Dollars a Year** in their own localities, wherever they live. I will also furnish the situation or employment at which you can earn that amount. No money for me unless successful as above. Easily and quickly learned. I desire but one worker from each district or county. I have already taught and provided with employment a large number, who are making over $3000 a year each. It's **NEW** and **SOLID.** Full particulars **FREE.** Address at once, **E. C. ALLEN, Box 420, Augusta, Maine.**

The Most Successful Remedy ever discovered, as it is certain in its effects and does not blister. Read proof below :

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

BELVERNON, Pa., Nov. 27, '90.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO. :

Gents—I would like to make known to those who are almost persuaded to use Kendall's Spavin Cure the fact that I think it is a most excellent Liniment. I have used it on a Blood Spavin. The horse went on three legs for three years when I commenced to use your Kendall's Spavin Cure. I used ten bottles on the horse and have worked him for three years since and has not been lame.

Yours truly, WM. A. CURL.

GERMANTOWN, N. Y., Nov. 2, 1889.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.,
Enosburgh Falls, Vt.

Gents : In praise of Kendall's Spavin Cure I will say, that a year ago I had a valuable young horse become very lame, hock enlarged and swollen. The horsemen about here (we have no Veterinary Surgeon here) pronounced his lameness Blood Spavin or Thoroughpin, they all told me there was **no cure for it,** he became about useless, and I considered him almost worthless. A friend told me of the merits of your Kendall's Spavin Cure, so I bought a bottle, and I could see very plainly great improvements immediately from its use, and before the bottle was used up I was satisfied that it was doing him a great deal of good. I bought a second bottle and before it was used up my horse was **cured** and has been in the team doing heavy work all the season since last April, showing no more signs of it. I consider your Kendall's Spavin Cure a valuable medicine, and it should be in every stable in the land. Respectfully yours,

EUGENE DEWITT.

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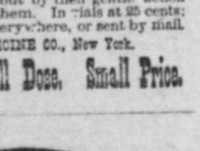

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SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

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SCIENTIFIC AND USEFUL.

It is reported that a French photographer has just devised a camera by which panoramic views can be obtained.

Experiments tend to show that the edges of the flame of a petroleum lamp give from 37 to 38 per cent less light than the flat surface.

An ordinary transparent glass globe absorbs about 10 per cent of the light passing through it; ground glass absorbs 30 to 40 per cent, and opal glass from 50 to 60 per cent.

Cork covering for steam pipes has proved very successful in England, and in some cases it has been found to make a difference of 100 degrees to 124 degrees from the temperature of uncovered pipes.

Who will invent a really neat and handy cane umbrella or umbrella cane. This combination has been long desired and frequently attempted, but entire success has not yet been reached. He who attains it will pile up wealth.—[Inventive Age.

The effect which living at high altitudes has on the blood of animals has been recently investigated, and the results show that the proportion of oxygen in the blood of men and animals acclimatized there was the same as that of dwellers at lower levels.

The disinfection of passenger cars is receiving the serious attention of foreign railway companies, and action in a similar direction would not be amiss in this country. Owing to the tenacity of disease germs, it is wholly unknown as to how much they are disseminated by our luxurious upholstered sleepers and coaches.—[Railway Age.

An excellent and abundant substitute for india rubber is reported as having been discovered at Goa. It is the solidified fluid which issues from the Nivolcantem, which grows wild and is generally used for hedges. Though white when it flows from the tree, in its dried state it is of a chocolate color, closely resembling gutta percha.

The Kew *Bulletin* publishes that leaves of the ramie plant can be employed with great success for the nourishment of the silkworm, which, with this food, produces larger cocoons and finer silk. The fact was discovered by a person who had no mulberry leaves to feed, and so tried the ramie. The result was surprising, and the experiment was continued with success.

A great feat in metal working was recently accomplished at the Superior Mills, Allegheny, Pa., by rolling a strip of steel for a spring 6 inches wide, 1-4 inch thick, and 310 feet long. This work was successfully performed, and the spring properly tempered at the first effort. The order had previously been tendered to all the large English and Continental works of Europe, none of which would undertake to do it.

The dynograph car is one of the most wonderful inventions in railway work. It has only to be rolled over a track to indicate every imperfection in the rails, whether it be spread rails, open joints, or defective iron. Suitable markings are left on the track according to the fault to be denoted, so that the trackman who follows in the wake of the car has a large proportion of his labor saved and can see at a glance where his repairs or alterations must begin. — [Louisville Courier Journal.

A writer in the *Scientific American* claims that salt is the best and cheapest preservative that can be found for posts. This he bases on his own experience, as follows: Thirty-four years ago he set four oak hitching posts three and a half feet deep in the earth, having first bored an inch hole in the same about three inches above and another of like size about four inches below the earth's surface. The holes were partly filled with salt and then stopped with a dry oak plug. The posts remain to-day sound and strong.

The highest place in the world regularly inhabited is stated to be the Buddhist monastery, Halne, in Thibet, which is about 16,000 feet above sea level. The next highest is Galera, a railway station in Peru, which is located at a height of 15,632 feet. Near it, at the same level, a railway tunnel 3,847 feet in length is being driven through the mountains. The elevation of the city of Potosi, in Bolivia, is 13,330 feet; Cuzco, Peru, 11,380 feet; La Paz, Bolivia, 10,883 feet, and Leadville, Col., 10,200 feet.

Between electricity, which turns night into day, and in other ways fulfills the duty of a city full of policemen, and photography, which disseminates the features of the convict far and wide, the times are not so auspicious for the burglar as they used to be. A citizen of Toledo, Ohio, is accredited by the Boston *Transcript* with an invention by which an instantaneous photograph of an incoming burglar can be made by the flash light camera that has previously been set and focused toward the door in such a way as to take in the entire figure of the intruder.

Professor Charles A. Young, the eminent Princeton astronomer, recently sat chatting in the court of the Palace Hotel. One of his listeners could not refrain from asking him in an offhand way: "What is to you the most wonderful and startling fact of astronomy?" "The fact that your great Lick telescope reveals about 100,000,000 of stars, and that every one of them is a sun, theoretically and by analogy giving light and heat to his planet. You know the Lick telescope reveals stars so small that it would require 80,000 of them to be visible to the naked eye."—[San Francisco Examiner.

John R. Mason, a mill overseer at Fall River, says the majority of women and girls in the factories there "dip" snuff. They moisten a wad of it and tuck it down between the under lip and gum, where its presence is always revealed by a little lump the size of a bean. Here is another field for the reformer.

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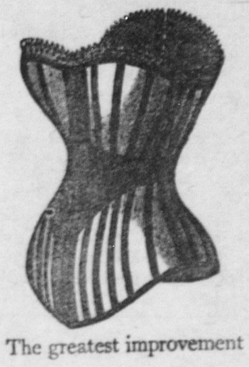

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DYSPEPSIA AND BALDNESS.

Men With Feeble Stomachs Are Apt to Lose Their Hair.

Dyspepsia is one of the most common causes of baldness. Nature is a great economizer, and when the nutrient elements furnished by the blood are insufficient to properly support the whole body she cuts off the supply to parts the least vital, like the hair and nails, that the heart, lungs, and other vital organs may be better nourished. In cases of severe fevers this economy is particularly noticeable. A single hair is a sort of history of the physical condition of an individual during the time it has been growing, if one could read closely enough. Take a hair from the beard or from the head and scrutinize it and you will see that it shows some attenuated places, indicating that at some period of its growth the blood supply was deficient from overwork, anxiety, or under feeding.

The hair falls out when the strength of its roots is insufficient to sustain its weight any longer, and a new hair will take its place unless the root is diseased. For this reason each person has a certain definite length of hair. When the hair begins to split or fall out massage of the scalp is excellent. Place the tips of the fingers firmly upon the scalp and then vibrate or move the scalp while holding the pressure steadily. This will stimulate the blood vessels underneath and bring about better nourishment of the hair. A brush of unevenly tufted bristles is also excellent to use upon the scalp, not the hair.—[Hall's Journal of Health.

"Shall Women Woo?"

There are few problems of special interest to women, and therefore to all the world (of which woman is the autocrat), about which Kate Field has not something to say that is worth hearing. She is now trying to solve the problem, "Shall women woo?" and here are a few of her strokes: According to our rather curious system it is perfectly consistent with human dignity to ask another for honor, affection, devotion—all the most precious things in life—but it is not permitted to be indebted for material necessities. In a nominal state of society man is the bread winner, and can ask a woman to share his loaf without loss of self-respect. Suppose, however, the proposal of marriage devolves upon the woman? She is placed in the awkward position of a suppliant for material benefits. Why this should be ignominious is by no means easy to explain, but who will venture to dispute the facts?

Compare the mental constitution of the two sexes. Here it would seem for a moment as if so delicate an office might wisely be given to women. A man reaches a decision by a process of reason, while a woman jumps to it by the simpler and directer method of intuition. No one pretends to urge that reason is of any use at all in the direction of the affections. But, on the other hand, woman lacks to a marked degree the mental quality of single mindedness. As she reconsiders her answers, and so has made proverbial "a woman's no," so she might take to reconsidering her suit, which would lead to all sorts of embarrassments.

Never Right Than He Thought.

"Whom are you going to interview tonight?" was asked of the facetious young reporter as he emerged to the street the other evening.

"I m on my way to interview a dead man," was the unfeeling reply, and the young man proceeded to the house of a well known lawyer, where he expected to obtain the obituary of a prominent citizen. Entering the house in a solemn manner he asked the lawyer in a subdued tone:

"Can you give me an obituary of the late Colonel Blank?"

"Why, my dear sir," was the reply, "the Colonel is—I say, Colonel," he shouted, "here's a man after your obituary."

"Well, well," said a military gentleman, entering the room, "he can't have my obituary, no, sir; he'll have to wait awhile, sir." And the reporter hurriedly explained that a horrible mistake must have been made, not by him. oh, no, but by some one "in the office."

One Old Shoe.

We have been shown a curious shoe, owned by N. B. Bunker of Newburyport. It was found in an old house recently demolished, which was built in 1700. The upper is of calfskin and closed with wax thread. The sole and heel are of one piece and made of wood. The upper is fastened to the sole with common iron tacks, the edge of the sole being mortised the thickness of the upper leather to receive it. Across the toe the tacks are brass. On the under edge of the sole from the instep is a band of iron like a miniature horseshoe, channeled to receive the nails. The heel may have been similarly shod, but if so it has been worn off and the wooden heel is well rounded by wear. The shoe is fastened by an iron clasp, which in its day was somewhat ornamental. It is one of the curiosities of footwear, and we would like to know its history.

He Calculated Well.

That was a cool husband in Boston who planned the death of his wife. He bought her a coffin, had her make a new dress to be buried in, bought a rope to hang her with, and was just about to carry out his purpose when an officer broke in and raised an objection. The wife didn't have much to say, as she thought it was her duty to die whenever he said so.

THE HAYSEED.

We can all of us remember
How along about September
The papers used to tell of the caucus or the fair,
And those fellows from the city
Used to get almighty witty
On the fellow with the duster, who had hayseed in his hair.

They had fun in legislaters
With the man that raised praters,
If by any hook or crook or chance elected and sent there;
And those reporial friskers
Used to comment on the whiskers
And the carpet sack of Billson, who had hayseed in his hair.

Yes, by gum, he rode his pass out,
And he used to blow the gas out,
And he used to drink hard cider when he went out on a tear;
And he used to squeeze the dollar
Till the buzzard used to holler;
The man cut up ridiculous that had hayseed in his hair.

But, by gum, if you've been reading
You'll observe a strange proceeding;
'Tis the fellow with chin whiskers that is slowly getting there;
And it won't be too surprising
If, by slowly organizing,
Old parties may wake up and find hayseed in their hair.

When the fashions change, you fellers
Will all carry green umbrellas,
And trousers wide across the seat, to make the dudelets stare;
And in those days, if you pass muster,
You must wear a linen duster,
And if you want to throw on style put hayseed in your hair.

—[Pioneer Press.

HOW BISMARCK BECAME PREMIER

Forced Into the Position by Threats of Abdication by the King.

Just how Bismarck took the final step into the position of the leading statesman of Prussia has always been unwritten history. The *Munchener Allgemeine Zeitung*, still very close to the ex-chancellor, in its efforts to stem the tide of adverse newspaper comment on Bismarck's record, gives a detailed description of the significant event, and, moreover, guarantees the correctness of the information. Von Roor, minister of war, had called Bismarck home from France. The king received him in the park of Babelsberg. As Bismarck approached the king handed him the copy of his announcement of his abdication, which he was about to have published. Bismarck looked astounded and remarked quickly that in Prussia such a document should be impossible.

"I have tried everything," said the king, "yet have found no alternative. Against my conviction I can not rule. My ministers are against me. My own son sides with them. You have already been with him. If I can not come to an understanding with you I shall send this announcement of my abdication to the *Gazette*, and then my son may see what he can do. To surrender the reorganization of the army is against my convictions. To violate them is to me a violation of duty."

Bismarck replied that he had called on the crown prince merely in response to a summons, and that he had refused to discuss the situation before an interview with the king. All thought of abdication must be given up at once. The king balanced the paper in his hand a few minutes and then inquired:

"Will you try to rule without a majority?"

"Yes."

"And without a budget?"

"Yes."

"And without yielding the recognition of the army?"

"Yes."

"Then here is my program."

Bismarck read the four quarto pages covered with the king's fine handwriting. The first point conerned the representation of cities and manors in district assemblies, around which a violent quarrel had already gathered.

"Your majesty," said Bismarck decidedly, "the question at issue is not about district assemblies, it is about the ability of the king or the ability of parliament to rule Prussia. Settle this question and all else will settle itself. If your majesty will trust me so far I will undertake the work, but without programs."

After a short silence the king nodded. He and Bismarck were walking over a litttle bridge and he began to tear up the program. As he dropped the pieces on the planks, Bismarck, stooping, picked them up as he said:

"Your majesty perhaps might better throw the pieces into the fire. Some one might find them here, and every one in this vicinity knows your majesty's handwriting."

The king put the remnant of the program in his coat pocket, discussed shortly the dismissal of the acting minister president, and then started for the castle to pen the letter of dismissal.

Careless.

Many people, in spite of the oft repeated warning never to sign anything without reading it, are always ready to append their names to anything that happens to come along in the shape of a petition. A king's prime minister, who had been annoyed by the monarch's propensity to sign anything presented to him without examing its purport, cured his majesty of this habit by drawing up articles of abdication and securing the king's immediate signature. He never dipped his pen after that without a careful inspection of the document. The propensity has been curiously illustrated by a Western joker. A farmer, prominent and wealthy, but unable to read, wanted to resign the position of road surveyor, and asked a doctor friend of his to draw up a paper to that effect which he could get his neighbors to agree to in writing. The doctor thought it a good opportunity to test the wildcat system of signing documents that don affect the worldly welfare of the signer so the petition he drew up was one in which the farmer asked to be hanged. Perfectly ignorant of its purport, the old fellow took it around on his travels in town and in a few days had secured 2 signatures, and not a single signer, so the doctor discovered, had the faintest idea of its purport.

A woman never feels that she is altogether out of society so long as she gets an invitation every year to a fashionable milliner's opening.—[Somerville Journal.

BIG FIRES IN HISTORY.

The New York Fire of 1835 Cost $30,000,000.

Among the great fires of history, undoubtedly the burning of the Serapæum Library at Alexandria, in the year 640, by the Caliph Omar I, is most widely mourned, as the destruction of 500,000 volumes cut off much of the record of human knowledge at that time. The general impression of the importance and significance of this fire is, no doubt, augmented in great measure by the alleged answer of this Saracen conqueror, who replied to the protest against the burning with: "If these books are against the Koran they are pernicious and must be destroyed. If they agree with the Koran they are redundant and need not be preserved;" and it is not generally remembered that Julius Cæsar burned a larger library of 700,000 volumes at Alexandria, known as the Brucian Library, B. C. 48, nearly 700 years before the burning of the Serapæum Library by Omar I.

At times of sack and pillage Jerusalem has been burned time and again, the most noted instance being at the siege by the Romans under Titus during the year 70, when a faction called the Sicariti set the city on fire in many places, and eventually 1,100,000 of the inhabitants perished by fire and the sword.

Constantinople has, like all Oriental cities, suffered severely from fires, a large part of such losses being undoubtedly due to the fatalism of the Mohammedans, who bow to their kismet. Said a sultan: "If it be the will of the Allah that my favorite city burn, it is the will of Allah."

In Dillaway's quaint account of travels in the Levant in 1797 it is stated that the sultan is summoned three times to a fire in Constantinople, and if the fire lasts one hour he is obliged to attend in person and bring mules laden with piasters for the firemen.

A great fire at Rome, 12 B. C., caused the Emperor Augustus to take measures for increasing the defense against fire, which had been hitherto in the hands of bodies of police, numbering 20 or 30, stationed in various portions of the city, and volunteers. He appointed new officers with the rank of magistrates, who were entitled to wear magistrates' robes. Each was attended by two lictors and provided with a fire organization of 600 slaves.

It is probable that this was not entirely satisfactory in its operation, because six years later another fire caused him to undertake further reforms on a scale fully characteristic of him who "found the city built of brick and left it with palaces of marble." He increased the fire department to a scale commensurate with the needs of the city. Seven thousand freemen were organized into seven battalions, and one battalion was quartered in every alternate ward of the city. These men made careful inspections of the kitchens, of the heating apparatus, and of the water supply in the houses, and every fire was the subject of judicial examination. The cost of the organization was maintained by a tax of 25 per cent on the sale of slaves.

Two notable examples of contagions stopped by conflagrations are the burning of Moscow by the besieging of Tartars in July, 1570, when the plague was stopped, and second the fire in London, September 2, 1666, which also stopped the plague, and it has been unknown there since.

This London fire is probably called the great fire of modern history, because the reforms which were started in consequence of it are living issues in municipal affairs of to-day. The fire was caused by an overheated baker's oven, and in the course of four days it swept over 436 acres, burning 13,200 houses, 89 churches, and St. Paul's Cathedral, causing a damage estimated to be £10,716,000, say $53,500,000.

Under the direction of Pepys the fire was stopped by blowing up buildings, which was at the time the only method of reducing a fire that had grown beyond the capacity of the small fire engines. These were on large tubs, and threw a stream of water directly on the fire, as hose was not invented until ten years later (1672) by Van der Heide.

The cities of America, on account of the larger amount of wood in their construction and the prevalence of irresponsible methods of building, have suffered severely from fires.

The first devastating fire in America was probably the one occurring at Boston, March 30, 1760, when 400 dwellings and stores were burned, causing a loss of £100,000.

In the Colony of Massachusetts Bay regulations in regard to the construction of chimneys and thatched roofs were made as early as March 16, 1630, and various enactments were made at later dates. The ordinance at the town meeting of Boston, March 14, 1645, made provision that each householder should have ladders long enough to reach to the ridge of the house, and a pole "about 12 feet long, with a good large swob at the end of it;" and various graded penalties were provided for those not conforming to the law.

New York was visited by a severe conflagration in the southern part of the city on December 16, 1835, which extended over an area of 40 acres, destroying 674 houses and causing a loss which has been estimated as high as $30,000,000, on which there was only $3,000,000 insurance—an amount which ruined several insurance companies.

One of the first of the more recent conflagrations was the burning of Portland, Me., July 4, 1866. The fire was caused by a boy throwing a firecracker into a cooper's shop for the avowed purpose of scaring the workmen. In this respect the act was an unparalleled success, the damage being about $10,000,000.

The Chicago fire, October 9, 1871, was one of the largest in all history, devastating an area of three and one-half square miles and causing a loss of about $190,000,000, on which insurance was paid to the amount of about $100,000,000. Two hundred and fifty lives were reported lost in this fire.

Thirteen months later to a day Boston was visited by a fire which extended over an area of 65 acres, burning the best mercantile buildings in the city and causing a damage of $75,000,000, on which there was an insurance of over $65,000,000.—[Scientific American.

AMERICAN BONAPARTES.

THEIR AMBITION AND FAILURE TO RULE FRANCE.

Outlines of a Well Known Romantic Story Recalled to Memory—How Betsy Patterson Was Insulted by Napoleon and Learned to Despise Her Country.

The late Prince Napoleon was the son of Jerome, the youngest brother of Napoleon the Great. This fact brings nearer to us that great series of events beginning with "a whiff of grape shot" and ending with Waterloo. His death, moreover, has a peculiarly vivid interest for Americans, because it recalls the story of the first love of his father, Jerome, for a young American girl, Betsy Patterson, of Baltimore.

It is a sad tale of romance, imperial ambition, and diplomacy. Napoleon had already won his fame in Italy when his young brother Jerome, was but 12 years of age. He controlled the French navy, for it was his great brother's ambition to make of him a fighter on the seas fit to cope with Nelson. It was an English frigate that destroyed this plan by driving the French frigate bearing Jerome into American waters. At Baltimore Jerome fell madly in love with and married Elizabeth, the beautiful daughter of William Patterson; a rich merchant and an Irishman by birth. Elizabeth, or Betsy, as she was called, had a consuming ambition, and when friends opposed the marriage she said: "I would rather be the wife of the brother of Napoleon for one hour than the wife of any other man for life."

Napoleon was highly displeased with this match, because he already saw himself on the throne and wished his brother to marry only "blue bloods." Jerome and his wife only learned of the establishment of the empire when about to sail from New York to beg the forgiveness of the first consul. They learned at the same time that both Jerome and his brother Lucien were debarred from the line of succession for marrying against Napoleon's wishes. Nevertheless the young couple, still hoping forgiveness and advancement, sailed for Lisbon in 1805.

There Jerome was arrested and taken to France, after a tearful adieu and protestations of everlasting fidelity to his wife, who was not allowed to land. She sent a message to the emperor which tickled him immensely.

"Tell the emperor," she said, "that Mme. Bonaparte demands her rights as a member of the imperial family."

She proceeded to England, where a boy was soon born to her and christened Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte. Jerome, the father, proceeded to Paris, little thinking that he would never see Betsy again, save as a stranger and with another wife upon his arm.

Napoleon positively refused to recognize the marriage, but promised Betsy an annual pension of $12,000 provided she would return to America and renounce the name of Bonaparte, which conditions she accepted. Many times in later years she returned to Europe and figured as the center of sensations in foreign courts, winning the homage, not only of her husband's mother and other members of the family, but also from the Duke of Wellington, Mme. de Stael, Byron, and even the gouty old Louis XVII, who tried to have her appear at court; but as she still received a pension from the exiled emperor she declined.

Her husband, Jerome, thus separated from her, was compelled by his brother to marry Catharine, the daughter of the king of Wurtemberg. Soon after he was made king of Westphalia. He then sent to America for Betsy's child, "Bo"—an abbreviation for Bonaparte. She refused to give him up, and in reply to the offer of her husband of a ducal crown, with an income of $40,000 a year, she sent back the scornful message: "Westphalia is too small for two queens; besides, I already receive $12,000 a year from the emperor, and I would rather be protected by the wings of the eagle than be dependent on the bill of a goose."

She ever afterward spoke with contempt of her husband, although "Bo" frequently visited his father's family in Europe, where he was treated as a son and a brother, his half sister, Princess Mathilde, being especially fond of him. Afterward "Bo" married a Baltimore lady, causing his mother, Madame Betsy, great anger by doing so. His cousin, Emperor Napoleon III, invited him to France, where he was legitimized and received as a member of the family. His half brother, the son of Jerome by Catharine, quarreled with the emperor, and there was at one time a strong intention to make "Bo" the heir presumptive, but ultimately "Bo" was declared ineligible. He declined a duchy, refusing the condition attached of surrendering the name of Bonaparte. On the death of King Jerome, in 1860, his American wife, Betsy Patterson, contested his will. She was, however, refused a share of his property.

The letters show a great contempt for her native land. She wrote to her father from Florence in 1829 as follows:

"A parent can not make a silk purse of a sow's ear, and you found that you could not make a sow's ear of a silk purse. It was impossible to bend my talents and my ambition to the obscure destiny of a Baltimore housekeeper, and it was absurd to attempt it after I had married the brother of an emperor. I had not the meanness of spirit to descend from such an elevation to the deplorable condition of being the wife of an American.

"I often tried to reason myself into the courage necessary to commit suicide when I contemplated a long life to be passed in a trading town, where everything contrasted so strongly with my wishes.

"I never could have degraded myself by marriage with people who, after I had married a prince, became my inferiors.

"The Americans themselves had sense and good taste enough to feel that I had risen above them, and have always treated me with the respect and deference due to a superior.

"When I first heard that my son could condescend to marry any one in Baltimore I nearly went mad.

"I repeat that I would have starved, died, rather than married any one in Baltimore."

In her old age Betsy's constant companions were a carpet bag and a red umbrella, the color of the Napoleonic dynasty. "Bo" died in 1870. His mother survived till 1879, dying at the age of 94 years, and leaving a fortune of $1,500,000 to Bo's two sons, Jerome and Charles J. Bonaparte.

Charles J. married Miss Nellie Day, of Boston, who is a granddaughter of Mr. James C. Dunn, a merchant of Boston.

Prince Victor, who succeeds to the Bonapartist claims, was born in 1862 and educated in Germany. He lives in Brussels, whence, no doubt, a bombastic manifesto to the French people may be looked for before long.

"Our Little Dot."

A writer in the New York *Sun* describes a scene which he witnessed, late one evening, in the streets of St. Louis. A group of gamins were hanging about an old, gray haired woman, shabbily dressed, who carried a large package under her arm. The writer of the sketch followed, thinking to say something at the right moment.

The boys were jeering, and the woman was begging to be let alone. By and by she sat down on a doorstep. Then the young Arabs gathered thickly around her.

"Give us a song, old woman!"

"If you'll dance us a jig, we'll let you off!"

"Open the bundle and let's see what you've got!"

When there was a moment of silence she replied:

"Boys, come closer round me. I've got something here to show you."

They crowded up to her, and she removed the newspapers which concealed the object she was carrying, and held it up before them.

If a bombshell had dropped among them it would not have scattered them more quickly. What do you suppose it was? A piece of board about three feet long by a foot wide, painted white, and on it in black letters the epitaph—

OUR LITTLE DOT.
DIED OCTOBER 17, 1886.

It was the headstone of a child's grave—such a headstone as only the poor and lowly erect over the grave of a loved one. Out of pity for her poverty and sorrow the painter may have done the work for nothing.

The boys could read, and as each read for himself he turned and vanished in the darkness. The last one to go took off his ragged cap and said:

"We didn't know it, aunty; please excuse us."

Recipes of Longevity.

Freedom from care is about the only incidental advantage that has been universally recognized as a factor of longevity. About hereditary predispositions there is no doubt, but the comparative benefits of cold and warm climates are still controverted, and the possibility of averting a premature death by abstemiousness has been altogether denied by some physicians who claim that a tendency to consumption and kindred disorders can be counteracted only by a generous diet. Teachers, parsons, pensioned officers, and well to do farmers have attained longevity in all parts of the civilized world, but their health theories differ amazingly. Baron de Waldeck ascribes his century of physical vigor to the love for fresh air; a Roman pedagogue to the "respiratory atmosphere of young females;" a guant Dutch sailor to using tobacco in the form of quids rather than of cigars; the historian Fontenelle to his dread of late hours. Having worked himself into a fever in his 18th year by midnight studies, he ever afterward retired to a solitary but comfortable couch at 9 p. m., and divided his journeys into small trips rather than deviate from that rule. "To what do you chiefly attribute your continued health?" the Emperor Augustus asked a centenarian whom he found romping and joking with a party of young athletes. "Intus mulso, foris oleo," said the old fellow—"Oil outside, must outside," i. e., ointment of olive oil and unfermented wine for the inner man. Marshal Soult lived 83 years and died under the impression that he could have held the fort 10 years longer if he had not given up horseback riding at the advice of his physicians.—[Philadelphia Times.

Even Old Hickory Could Not Stop It.

Much amusement has been caused at Washington by the cabled news from Rome to the effect that King Humbert was highly indignant at the cartoons of him published in American papers and disposed to go to war unless an apology was made by the Government. The spectacle of Harrison and Blaine, who have suffered about as much at the cartoonists's hands as anybody, trying to protect King Humbert from the wit and sarcasm of American pencils would be refreshing. A State Department official recalls the fact that this same question arose years ago, in Jackson's time, and was settled by Old Hickory in characteristic fashion. The czar of Russia was being lampooned unmercifully in the American press, and the St. Petersburg government, accustomed to ordering editors about at its own sweet will, asked the President to interfere and suppress the offending publications. Jackson's reply was that with all his power as President of the United States he had no control over the newspapers; and that for every assault upon the czar in American newspapers he could show a thousand upon himself.—[Chicago Herald.

Invention of the Panorama.

About a century ago the panorama was invented by Robert Barker, a Scotchman. He was imprisoned for debt at Edinburgh, in a cell with one opening only, in one corner of the roof of the dungeon. It was so dark that he could not see to read, but he found that by placing the paper near the narrow shaft of light that fell through the hole in the ceiling the letters of the writing became surprisingly distinct. This set him thinking, and after he was released he began experiments on pictures strongly lighted from above in a dark room.

The man who throws dice for drinks generally finds that the drink turns around and throws him.—[Yonkers Statesman.

Be Sure

If you have made up your mind to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to take any other. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a peculiar medicine, possessing, by virtue of its peculiar combination, proportion, and preparation, curative power superior to any other article. A Boston lady who knew what she wanted, and whose example is worthy imitation, tells her experience below:

To Get

"In one store where I went to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla the clerk tried to induce me buy their own instead of Hood's; he told me their's would last longer; that I might take it on ten days' trial; that if I did not like it I need not pay anything, etc. But he could not prevail on me to change. I told him I knew what Hood's Sarsaparilla was. I had taken it, was satisfied with it, and did not want any other.

Hood's

When I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla I was feeling real miserable, suffering a great deal with dyspepsia, and so weak that at times I could hardly stand. I looked, and had for some time, like a person in consumption. Hood's Sarsaparilla did me so much good that I wonder at myself sometimes, and my friends frequently speak of it." MRS. ELLA A. GOVE, 61 Terrace Street, Boston.

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100 Doses One Dollar

Orphans' Court Sale!

ESTATE OF SUSAN CASHER, DEC'D.

By virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Centre county, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Mountain House in Snow Shoe, on

TUESDAY, MAY 26th, 1891,

At 1 o'clock P. M., the following described real estate of the late Susan Casher, deceased, situate in the village of Snow Shoe, Snow Shoe township, Centre county, Pennsylvania, beginning at a stone at a corner of lot of Mrs. Alexander Dixon, thence by said lot North 26 degrees west 22.7 rods to a stone; thence along the Sugar Camp railroad west 7.8 rods to a post; thence along land of Michael Kelley south 29½ degrees west 10 rods to a stake; thence by land of the Lehigh Valley Coal Company south 44½ degrees 22 rods to a stake; thence by land of same north 51 degrees east 7.5 rods to the place of beginning; containing 1 A RE and 124 PER HE. The land is all cleared and under cultivation and has thereon erected a DWELLING HOUSE.

TERMS OF SALE:—One-half of the purchase money to be paid in cash upon confirmation of sale, and the balance in one year thereafter, the deferred payment to to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

ROBERT J. HAYNES, JR. Adm'r.
CLEMENT DALE Attorney.

m7-ts

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my7-6m

Centre County Teachers' Examinations, 1891.

Marion—Jacksonville	Wednesday, May	6
Liberty—Eagleville	Thursday, "	7
Curtin, Howard and Howard borough—Howard	Friday, "	8
Boggs and Milesburg—Central City, Sat.,	"	9
Taylor—Hannah Furnace, Monday,	"	11
Half Moon—Stormstown, Tuesday	"	12
Worth—Port Matilda	Wednesday, "	13
Huston—Julian	Thursday, "	14
Union and Unionville—Unionville, Fri.,	"	15
Patton—Waddle's school house, Satur.,	"	16
Harris—Boalsburg	Monday, "	18
College—Lemont	Tuesday, "	19
Benner—Knox's school house, Wednes.,	"	20
Burnside and Snow Shoe—Snow Shoe—Tuesday,	"	26
Bellefonte and Spring—Bellefonte, Fri.,	"	29
Philipsburg and Rush—Philipsburg, Tuesday,	June	9
Ferguson—Pine Grove	Saturday "	13
Millheim and Penn—Millheim, Mond'y,	"	15
Miles—Rebersburg	Tuesday, "	16
Haines—Aaronsburg	Wednesday, "	17
Gregg—Spring Mills	Thursday, "	18
Centre Hall and Potter—Centre Hall, Friday,	"	19
Walker—Hublersburg	Monday, "	22

Special examinations will be held at Spring Mills, Lemont, Howard, Unionville, Philipsburg and Bellefonte, Aug. 17, 18, 19, 20, 21 and 23 respectively; and at Bellefonte September 12 and 26. All examinations will begin at 9 a. m.

Applicants will be examined in all branches without regard to former marks.

By sec. 6 of School Laws of Penna., candidates for certificates are required to be examined in that district in which they shall first apply for a school, or in which they expect to apply first.

A teacher without character is worse than no teacher. Applicants must present testimonials of character from the Board for which they last taught, or from that for which they expect to teach.

Directors will please be very careful in recommending. To refuse an improper person may offend that individual; but to recommend an unfit person will wrong a whole community.

Persons failing to qualify at the regular examinations may have a second trial at any of the specials.

Much of the work will be oral. Directors and citizens are invited to be present.

DAVID O. ETTERS,
County Superintendent.

April 30-te

NOTICE IN DIVORCE.—

Laura E. Norris, by her next friend John W. Krumrine, vs. George P. Norris.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county. No. 156 April T., 1890. Divorce A. V. M.

The undersigned a Commissioner appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, to take testimony in the above cause and report the same at next Argument Court, will meet the parties interested, for the purpose of his appointment, at his office, in the Borough of Bellefonte, on Friday, the 22d day of May, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. Parties interested will please take notice.

JOHN KLINE,
rep-a 30-3t. Commissioner.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the estate of Mary Jane Wasson, deceased, late of College township, Centre county, Pa., having been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement to

CYRUS WASSON, Executor.

April 2, 1891—3t

THE "CENTURY'S" EDITOR.

Richard Watson Gilder's Personal Characteristics Aptly Described.

Richard Watson Gilder, the editor of the *Century Magazine*, is not stylish in dress. He may be seen any day walking to and from his pretty editorial sanctum on Union Square. He is a tall, slender man, with clear features and aggressive nose and large poetical eyes. In manner he puts one at ease directly, having a happy way of seeming to be of exactly one's grade in society. With the working people with whom he comes in contact in his business relations with the *Century*, he is popular, for he has a manner which makes them think that, once upon a time, he was at work himself with rolled up sleeves and printer's ink upon his face. With the literati he is thoroughly at ease, and spends his happiest hours surrounded by bright spirits who congregate about him at home and in the Fellowcraft Club, of which he is the president. In attire he is almost rusty, though scrupulously clean and well brushed. It was hinted that Easter might find him in a new suit of clothes, but expectations were disappointed, and the same carefully tended suit, with a literary air about it, continues to adorn the form of the editor of one of the greatest magazines in the world, and one of the most scholarly and versatile men of the time.

The First Great Ocean Steamship Race.

There are, undoubtedly, many men and women in New York to-day who went down to the Battery and cheered and waved their hands in greeting to the first steamship that entered this port from Europe. This important event took place on April 23, 1838, and it was doubly interesting and significant because not only the first transatlantic steamship came to anchor in the harbor that day, but the second also; steam travel across the sea thus beginning with a race that was earnestly contested and brilliantly won. Furthermore, it was a race that attracted infinitely more attention than any of the contests that have succeeded it. Two steam vessels had crossed the Atlantic in years previous, both having started from this side; the Savannah, from Savannah, in 1819; and the Royal William, from Quebec, in 1831, but neither of these voyages had demonstrated the feasibility of abandoning the fine sailing packets and clippers for steamers when it came to a long voyage. The Savannah used both steam and sail during 18 of the 25 days required for a passage to Liverpool, and more than one clipper overtook and passed her during the voyage. The Royal William had to utilize all her hold for coal in order to carry sufficient fuel to insure a completion of the voyage. Public interest accordingly was deeply stirred on both sides of the ocean when, in 1837, it was learned that two steam vessels were on the stocks, building for the American service. These were the Sirius, at London, and the Great Western, at Bristol. It was these vessels that made the first race; the Sirius making the trip, measured from Queenstown, in 18½ days, and the Great Western in 14½ days. The Sirius, having had nearly four days' start, came in a few hours ahead of the winner. She brought seven passengers, and whether the Great Western had others than her crew on board can not now be ascertained.—[From Ocean Passenger Travel, by John H. Gould.

Ambition Is Epidemic in Washington.

You are not surprised when the man who takes your garbage from your door takes off his hat with some show of good breeding, and, with an apology for his "profession," assures you that he has seen better days. It is quite in the nature of things that the ashman should seek an opportunity to let it be known that he never sifts for cinders, but merely dumps his load, leaving the sifting for a humbler class of citizens. So on up the scale of society each one has some pretense upon which to base a claim to more than he actually possesses. Each individual's style of living is a little more extravagant, a little more pretentious, than that of a man of similar occupation elsewhere. The messengers in the departments imitate the style of the clerks, who in turn imitate their chiefs. The chiefs imitate their superiors in office, and so on it runs up to Congress and the cabinet. The Senate and the cabinet having no one to imitate, each member vies with all the rest, in the true spirit of millionaires that they are. Nay, they imitate the extravagance of the great Government whose morals are in their keeping.—[Washington Letter.

What It Costs to Smoke.

Dr. F. B. Nofsinger, Kansas City's postmaster, does not smoke very much, but he has nevertheless sent a number of greenbacks up in clouds during the past 30 years. The doctor is a comfortable sort of man and likes to enjoy the good things going. He does not smoke more than five cigars a day—he thinks more might be injurious to his health. This makes a total of 150 per month, or 1,800 in a year, which number multiplied by 30, the number of years the doctor has been given to the weed, gives a grand total of 54,000. These cigars retail at 10 cents apiece, but Dr. Nofsinger buys them by the hundred and in that way the expense is but 7 cents to the unit. At 7 cents apiece the 54,000 cigars smoked in 30 years would cost $3,780. Had these been purchased at 10 cents apiece, the expense would have been $5,400. And in consideration of the fact that the postmaster is a pretty good kind of fellow, he must have given away about $1,000 worth. Rather a snug sum of money, the moderate smoker's cigar bill for 30 years.—[Kansas City Times.

No Soap.

It is stated that soap in India is regarded almost in the light of a natural curiosity, for it is rarely, if ever, to be obtained of a shopkeeper there. Of course it is sold in the larger towns; but the amount used by the natives must be very small, seeing that the total consumption of soap in India last year was only 5,000 tons. This means that the amount used by each person for the year was considerably less than one ounce.—[Chambers' Journal.

What is

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DR. J. F. KINCHELOE, Conway, Ark.

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For the coming year will be noteworthy for a number of special features which the Publishers believe are of very unusual interest, and among them may be mentioned:—

SIR EDWIN ARNOLD

contributes to the December number the first of a series of four *Articles upon Japan*, its people, its ways, and its thoughts. Mr. Robert Blum, who was commissioned to go to Japan for Scribner's Magazine, has prepared a very remarkable series of drawings to illustrate Sir Edwin's papers. Articles upon the recent *Japanese Festival* will follow, illustrated by Mr Blum.

HENRY M. STANLEY

has prepared for the January number an important article upon *"The Pigmies of the Great African Forest."* Another contribution in this field will be Mr. J. Scott Keltie's account of the recent *African Exhibition* held in London. Both papers will be amply illustrated.

THE WRECKER,

a Serial Novel by Robert Louis Stevenson and Lloyd Osborne will run through a large part of the year. Illustrated by Hole. A two-part story by Frank R. Stockton will also appear.

PROF. JAMES BRYCE, M. P.,

author of "The American Commonwealth," will write a series of *Four Articles upon India* embodying the results of his recent journey and studies on this land of never-dying interest.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS

will be the subject of an important series somewhat upon the lines of the successful Railroad articles. *"Passenger Travel," "The Life of Officers and Men," "Speed and Safety Devices,"* and *"Management,"* are some of the subjects touched upon and illustrated.

GREAT STREETS OF THE WORLD

is the title of a novel collection of articles on which the author and artist will collaborate to give the characteristics of famous thoroughfares. The first, on *Broadway*, will be written by Richard Harding Davis and illustrated by Arthur B. Frost. Others will follow on *Piccadilly*, London; *Boulevard*, Paris; *The Corso*, Rome.

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Mary Kyle Dallas,	Horatio Alger, Jr.,
E. Burke Collins,	T. W. Hanshew,
Charlotte Stanley,	John De Morgan,
Wenona Gilman,	Dennis O'Sullivan.

and others, and will be still further augmented by a number of other distinguished writers.

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Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, May 6, 1891.

Red Wheat, per bushel	$1 10
Mixed wheat, per bushel	1 05
Buckwheat, new, per bushel	50
Rye per bushel	00
Corn (shelled)	80
Corn (ears)	75
Oats	60
Barley	60
Cloverseed, fair to good	4.00
do prime and extra prime	4.40
do choice	4.80
Flour, retail, per barrel	5 60
Flour, wholesale	5.00
Hay choice mixed, per ton	9.00
" prime timothy " "	9.50
" choice " " "	10 00

Provision Markets.

Corrected weekly by Eureka Grocery.

Apples, dried, per pound	14
Green apples, per bushel	3 00
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	10
Dried Currants, per pound	19
New Raisins, per pound	10—12½
Beans, per quart	10
Fresh Butter, per pound	25
Cheese, per pound	16
Country Hams, per pound	8
Hams, sugar cured	13
Shoulders	10
Breakfast Bacon	12½—14
Country Bacon	8
Lard, leaf, per pound	10
Lard, country, per pound	8
Eggs, per dozen	15
Potatoes, per bushel	1 25
Dried Beef	20
Canned Beef, 2 pound can	25
Country Side, per pound	8
Canned Tomatoes, per can	10—12—15
Canned Corn, per can	10—12½—15
Lemons, per dozen	30
Dried Sweet Corn, per pound	10
Apple Butter, per gallon	1 00
Roller Flour, per sack	1 00

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Lehigh Coal and Navigation Co.	47¼	½
National Lead Trust	19½	⅝
Missouri Pacific	71⅜	½
Northern Pacific Com	27	⅝
" " Prefered	71½	⅝
North American Company	17⅝	⅝
Union Pacific	50½	⅝
Western Union	82	⅝
Richmond Terminal	17⅞	18
Louisville & Nashv. R R	80⅛	¼
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe	33½	⅝
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Package makes 5 gallons. Delicious, sparkling, and appetizing. Sold by all dealers. A beautiful Picture Book and cards sent FREE to any one sending address to the C. E. HIRES CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given, that the copartnership heretofore existing between Wilson Rowe and Ed. C. Rowe, trading under the firm name of W. Rowe & Bro., has been, on the 1st day of January, 1891, dissolved by mutual consent. Ed. C. Rowe will still continue the business and all persons indebted to W. Rowe & Bro., will make immediate settlement.
WILSON ROWE.
ED. C. ROWE.
Bellefonte, Pa., April 22, 1891.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the estate of Robert Goheen, deceased, late of Harris township, Centre county, Pa., having been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement to
MARGARET and W. M. GOHEEN,
ap30-6t Executors.

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has paid to its stockholders 5 per cent. every six months, January and July, since organization, and earned a handsome surplus.

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The full 5 per cent. dividend will be paid as usual to all stockholders of record, May 15th. Write the Company for Prospectus, By-Laws, and list of stockholders, now numbering over 400. Address

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CHARLES CLEARY CONVICTED.

THE JURY FIND HIM GUILTY OF MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE.

After a full week's fair and impartial trial the jury in the case of Charles Cleary, tried in Lock Haven, after being out two hours and forty minutes, returned a verdict of murder in the first degree. Cleary heard the verdict without a change of face. The counsel for the defense at once moved for a new trial, but it is not believed it will be granted.

The trial, which lasted the full week, was well contested on both sides but the defense did not seem even as strong as it did the first time the case was tried, while the prosecution had succeeded in working up a complete chain of evidence.

It is now about two years since the killing of Policeman Paul by young Cleary and his case has been somewhat remarkable. Once tried and convicted, it was then carried to the supreme court and the judgment of the lower court confirmed. A motion was made for a new trial which, through certain influence, was obtained. This had been postponed from time to time until the present. As it stands now there seems to be little hope for Cleary. The Board of Pardons is the only other alternative and it is not believed that it will interfere.

A man who has practiced medicine for 40 years, ought to know salt from sugar; read what he says;

TOLEDO, O., Jan. 10, 1887:

Messrs. F. J. Cheney & Co.—Gentlemen:—I have been in the general practice of medicine for 40 years, and would say that in all my practice and experience have never seen a preparation that I could prescride with as much confidence of seccess as I can Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by you. Have prescribed it a great many times and its effect is wonderful, and would say in conclusion that I have yet to find a case of Catarrh that it would not cure, if they would take it according to directions.

Yours Truly,
L. L. GORSUCH, M. D.
Office, 215 Summit St.

We will geve $100 for any cases of Catarrh that can not de cured with Hall's Catarrh Cure, taken internally.
F. J. CHENEY & CO.' Props., Toledo O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c

Killed at Lock Haven

On Saturday evening a man by the name of Charlie Walters, in attempting to jump from a fast moving freight, slipped and fell between two cars right on the track and seventeen cars passed over his body. He was a brakeman on the Beech Creek and was on his way to Shamokin. It was at first reported that the man killed was Adam Walters, a carpenter who formerly lived and worked in Bellefonte, but Mr. John Feaster on Sunday received a dispatch from Milton, Pa., saying he was all right.

A Wonder Worker.

Mr. Frank Huffman, a young man of Burlington, Ohio, states that he had been under the care of two prominent physicians, and used their treatment until he was not able to get around. They pronounced his case to be consumption and incurable. He was persuaded to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, and at that time was not able to walk across the street without resting. He found before he had used half a dollar bottle, that he was much better; he continued to use it and is to-day enjoying good health. If you have any Throat, Lung or Chest Trouble try it. We guarantee satisfaction. Trial bottle free at C. M. Parrish's drug store.

—It has been suggested that the borough council purchase of the county commissioners the old iron fence that has lately been torn from around the court house yard, and with it enclose the big spring. The wooden fence now surrounding the big spring is old and in a somewhat bad condition and there will soon be a new fence needed anyway. The iron fence referred to is in good condition and could be purchased for one hundred dollars, or less.

Forest Fires

Centre county has not been visited with such devastation from forest fires for a score of years as it has been during the past week. Almost every woods and mountain have been a scorching, seething mass of jumping, roaring flames. Thousands of dollars of valuable timber has been destroyed, not counting the immense amount of lumber, fencing, saw mills, a few houses, etc. Terror has been carried into a number of homes near where the firey tongues leaped in their mad race. And all because of the thoughtlessness or carelessness of persons who in such weather put fire in the woods. There certainly ought to be a law passed making it a criminal offense, punishable by a long term of imprisonment, for doing such acts.

You are in a Bad Fix.

But we will cure you if you pay us. Men who are Weak Nervous and Debilitated, suffering from nervous debility, Seminal Weakness, and all the effects of early Evil Habits, or later indiscretions, which lead to Premature Decay, Consumption or Insanity, should send for and read the "Book of Life," giving particulars of Home Cure. Sent (sealed) free, by addressing Dr. Parker's Medical and Surgical Institute, 151 North Spruce St., Nashville, Tenn. They guarantee a cure or no pay.—The *Sunday Morning* s10-1y d&w.

MISSISSIPPI by its new Constitution has effectually disfranchised 70,000 Negro voters and yet that State has not had its representation in the electoral college or the House of Representatives cut down. Taking the generally accepted average, that each of these voters is the head of a family of five persons, it is evident that Mississippi should lose two votes in the electoral and college and two members of the House of Representatives by reason of its new Constitution, which is a violation of the spirit and intent of the Fourteenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States, if not of its letter. It is to be presumed that the disfranchising clause of this State constitution will sooner or later be passed upon by the United States Supreme Court.

Look here, Friend, are You Sick?

Do you suffer from Dyspepsia, Indigestion Sour Stomach, Liver Complaint, Nervousness, Lost Appetite, Billiousness, Exhaustion or tired feeling, Pains in Chest or Lungs, Dry Cough, Night-sweats, Nervous Debility, or any form of Consumption? If so, send to Prof. Hart, 88 Warren St., New York, who will send you free, by mail, a bottle of medicine which is a sure cure. Send to-day. d&w-tf

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To Move to Syracuse.

We are informed that Jacob Hinkleman, of East Lamb street will on next Saturday depart with his family for Syracuse, N. Y., where they will make their future home. Their household goods will be shipped on Friday. Mr. Hinkleman decided to take this step owing to the irregularity of work at the nail works and having the offer of a better situation in Syracuse.

IT is daily becoming more apparent that no considerable body of republicans favor the issuing of a currency by the Government that may be worth less than one hundred cents on the dollar to any man, rich or poor; we don't wan two kinds of dollars, one for the wealthy man and one for the laboring toiler. Dollars are like votes, one should always be as good as another.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

For sale by C. M Parrish, druggist.

—The lightning rod man is now making his annual round.

A Young Man Killed.

A most distressing and shocking accident occured a short distance above the station last night about half-past ten o'clock, in which William Abbas was the victim, causing almost instantaneous death. Mr. Abbas was conductor on the station shifter, engine number 360, B. F. Philips engineer, and was standing on the front end of a box car giving signals for some shifting, when by some unaccountable means, either caused by darkness or his foot catching on something, he fell over the end of the car onto the track below and two cars passed over his body at the stomach breaking his back bone and some of his ribs without cutting the skin of his body, which can be accounted for by the heavy clothing which he wore. The bleeding was all internal. A bruise on his forehead is supposed to be from the fall as it is likely his head was the first part of his body that struck the ground. He was immediately picked up and taken to the surgeon's room under the station and undertaker J. H. Burley notified, who about midnight conveyed the remains to his establishment on Logan street and prepared them for burial.

—Tyrone *Herald*.

For Missionary Purposes.

We clip the following from the Tyrone *Herald* of the 29th: About 2 weeks ago John C. Stiver, a young aged 24 years and a member of the Bald Eagle Baptist church, died at his home at Martha Furnace. On his death bed he had his friends bring him the $182 in cash which he had industriously saved in past years, and this amount he placed in the hand of his brother, Wilson Stiver, with instructions to bring the money to Tyrone and give it to Rev. C. H. Fitzwilliam, through whom it was to be sent to foreign missionary fields. The dying young man had been deeply impressed by a sermon of Rev Mr. Fitzwilliam which he had heard some time before. In accordance with the wish of the deceased, Wilson Stiver came to Tyrone to-day and placed the money in the charge of Rev. Mr Fitzwilliam, who will send it, in faithful charge of his sacred trust, to be devoted to the promotion of foreign missions.

Springtime.

This is the glorious season when all natures at its best, when the young man sports his Sunday cane and pulls down his satin vest; when the fisherman hunts for angle worms and catches the big bottle fly, and the robin trills so delightfully as he soars 'way up on high; when the trees put forth their tender leaves and the fruit trees burst their buds, and the carpets are all lifted and the floors are doused with suds; when the grass shoots forth its tendrils and the grain fields look so green, and the potato bug is on the watch for the deadly paris green; when everybody's bills are paid—from butcher to the sprinter, except the one who needs it most—the hard-worked, hard-up printer.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The undersigned having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease 'Comsumption," is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used, which will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis and all throat and lung Maladies. He hopes all sufferers will try his Remedy, as it is invaluable. Those desiring the prescription, which will cost them nothing and may prove a blessing, will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILTON, Williamsburg, Kings County, New York.

THE accomplishments of the Alliance legislatures when compared with the ante-election promises of the stump speakers of that organization is a mustard seed to mountain. All of which shows that it is easier to promise relief than to give it. The farmers have grievances, serious grievances which must be righted before the industrious tillers of the soil will enjoy the prosperity to which they are justly entitled; but we think, and we believe that the time will soon come when a great majority of the members of the Farmers Alliance will think with us, that the republican party, which has always been the best friend of the working men, is the source from which practical relief will come.

A Governor's Opinion

An ex-General of the Union Army, ex-Governor of the State of Maine, ex-Representative to Congress, and ex-Attorney General, speaks for us.

With the exception, possibly, of Hon. James G. Blaine, there is no man so well-known to the people of Maine, as

GEN. HARRIS M. PLAISTED,

Who has a grand record as a soldier, who has been the Governor of the State, Representative to Congress, and who is at present the editor and proprietor of the "New Age" newspaper, printed in Augusta, Me.

General Plaisted, formerly a resident of Bangor, Me., knew Dr. William H. Brown intimately, and did not hesitate, when he found himself out of condition, to use Brown's Sarsaparilla.

In due season Gen. Plaisted found himself a perfectly well man, and one day, while at his desk in his editorial room, wrote an article on Maine's famous remedy The article was issued July 15th, 1887, and, while our space will forbid the printing of the whole, we feel warranted in taking from it the following:

Gen. Plaisted says: Our confidence in Brown's Sarsaparilla is based upon personal knowledge of its curative properties in cases of Malaria, and upon our long acquaintance with that eminent physician, Dr. William H. Brown, late of Bangor, who perfected the formula by which the medicine is prepared.

of

Malaria is a prevalent disease now-a-days. It not only fastens itself upon the systems of the old veterans, who fought for years in the southern swamps and low-lands, but it takes hold of those who live in the atmospheres of the cities and larger towns. Gases from swamps, sluggish rivers, sewers, the streets, and many other ill kept places, poison the system, making the entrance of some other disease easy. You can avoid all danger, can keep disease at a distance, and have a system teeming with rich blood and vitality, by simply using Brown's Sarsaparilla, which purifies the blood when others fail. *It is the best in the world.*

Brown's Sarsaparilla

At all Druggists 1.00. 6 bottles for 5.00.
DON'T take Something else "just as good," IT IS NOT.
ABA WARREN & CO., Sole Proprietors, Bangor, Me.

WALNUT & 10TH STREETS, PHILADELPHIA.

ARTISTIC FURNITURE. DRAPERIES & UPHOLSTERY. FINE WALL PAPERS. FRESCOING & PAINTING.

SPECIAL DESIGNS BY SUPERIOR ARTISTS.

OUR STOCK OF WALL PAPERS

this Season is unusually large and complete in every grade and the prices very reasonable.

THE UPHOLSTERY & FURNITURE DEP'TS

(recently added) contains a choice selection of all the latest styles.

EVERY WATERPROOF COLLAR OR CUFF THAT CAN BE RELIED

BE UP TO THE MARK

Not to Split! Not to Discolor!

BEARS THIS MARK.

TRADE ELLULOID MARK

NEEDS NO LAUNDERING. CAN BE WIPED CLEAN IN A MOMENT.

THE ONLY LINEN-LINED WATERPROOF COLLAR IN THE MARKET.

I CAME, I SAW, I CONQUERED: MY NAME IS BRIDGMAN'S

FEMALINE

I AM THE WOMAN'S FRIEND.

I AM A PURELY VEGETABLE COMPOUND. I HAVE NO EQUAL.

I PURIFY THE BLOOD, I ANNIHILATE DISEASE GERMS, I REGULATE ALL IRREGULARITIES

WOMAN! I am your friend. Try me. You will rejoice at our acquaintance. The physical enemies I vanquish are multitudinous. I conquer always. Inquire for me first at your Druggists, but if he does not provide room for me on his shelf and tries to palm off a substitute, decline it and send direct to those who manufacture me at $1.00 per bottle or 3 bottles for $2.50, which will be sent carefully packed. Remit by Draft, Post Office or Express Money Order, or Currency in Registered letter, naming this publication, payable to

THE A. BRIDGMAN CO., Proprietors, 373 Broadway, New York.

Wise Mothers and Nurses use BRIDGMAN'S LAXATIF INFANTA for children and infants. 25c. all Druggists.

THE SOUTH!

Bristol, Tenn.

Near the border of five States, at the termini of five Railroads, two are building, is the manufacturing center, and natural distributing point for a country *Richer in Coal and Iron than any single State in America.*

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PENNYROYAL * PILLS

THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE. The only Safe, Sure, and reliable Pill for sale. Ladies, ask Druggist for *Chichester's English Diamond Brand* in Red and Gold metallic boxes sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other kind. *Refuse Substitutions and Imitations.* All pills in pasteboard boxes, pink wrappers are dangerous counterfeits. At Druggists, or send 4c in stamps for particulars, testimonials, and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail 10,000 Testimonials. *Name Paper.* CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO., Madison Square PHILADELPHIA, PA. Sold by all Local Druggists.

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ARE THE MOST POPULAR AMONG DAIRYMEN.
BECAUSE THEY MAKE MORE BUTTER.
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Because the PROCESS EXPELS the animal heat IMMEDIATELY, and PREVENTS the development of BACTERIA, thus producing the PUREST FLAVOR, and accounting for the great number of Medals awarded viz.:

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and Silver Medals and First Premiums too numerous to mention. In 4 styles and 12 sizes. Illustrated catalogue free. VERMONT FARM MACHINE CO., BELLOWS FALLS, VT. Manufacturers of and Dealers in Churns, Butter Workers, Butter Printers and Carriers, Cheese Vats, Cream Vats, Engines, Boilers, and all Dairy and Creamery supplies.

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RAILROADS

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—TIME Table, Dec. 14, 1890.

STATIONS	Dis	A.M	A.M	P.M
			WESTWARD	
LOCK HAVEN		8 40	9 15	6 20
Flemington—f	1.8	8 43	9 19	6 23
Mill Hall	3.0	8 46	9 22	6 26
Beech Creek	8.3	8 56	9 34	6 38
Eagleville—f	9.9	8 59	9 37	6 40
Howard	14.5	9 07	9 48	6 49
Mt. Eagle—f	17.7	9 14	9 56	6 55
Curtin	19.9	9 18	10 01	6 59
Milesburg	23.5	9 25	10 12	7 10
BELLEFONTE	23.2	9 35	10 25	7 20
Milesburg	23.5	9 46	10 35	7 30
Snow Shoe Int	24.8	9 48	10 37	7 32
Unionville	18.5	9 55	10 48	7 41
Julian	32.9	10 05	10 59	7 50
Martha	37.6	10 13	11 09	7 59
Port Matilda	40.4	10 21	11 17	8 06
Hannah—f	43.7	10 28	11 25	8 13
Fowler—f	45.0	10 30	11 29	8 16
DIX—f	46.3	10 33	11 32	8 19
Bald Eagle	49.3	10 40	11 38	8 25
Vail	51.2	10 44	11 43	8 29
East Tyrone	53.0	10 48	11 48	8 33
TYRONE	54.3	10 55	11 55	8 40

STATIONS	Dis	A.M	P.M	P.M.
		EASTWARD		
TYRONE		8 10	2 10	7 15
East Tyrone	1.3	8 17	2 17	7 22
Vail	3.1	8 20	2 20	7 28
Bald Eagle	5.0	8 25	2 24	7 33
DIX—f	8.9	8 30	2 30	7 39
Fowler—f	9.3	8 32	2 33	7 42
Hannah—f	10.6	8 36	2 37	7 46
Port Matilda	12.9	8 43	2 44	7 53
Martha	17.3	8 51	2 52	8 00
Julian	21.4	8 59	4 01	8 15
Unionville	25.8	9 10	4 10	8 25
Snow Shoe Int	29.5	9 18	4 18	8 35
Milesburg	30.8	9 22	4 20	8 39
BELLEFONTE	33.5	9 32	4 29	8 49
Milesburg	30.8	9 47	4 40	9 01
Curtin	34.4	10 01	4 47	9
Mt. Eagle—f	36.6	10 06	4 55	9
Howard	39.2	10 16	5 02	
Eagleville—f	44.4	10 36	5 19	
Beech Creek	55.9	10 55	5 38	9 45
Mill Hall	51.3	10 59	5 24	9 51
Flemington	52.5	10 54	5 27	10 08
LOCK HAVEN	54.3	11 00	5 30	10 10

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table in effect Dec. 14th, 1890.

Westward Dis.	Stations	Dis.	Eastward A.M	P.M
P.M A.M				
5 03 9 31	SCOTIA	25.6	9 21	4 47
5 25 10 21 5.8	Fairbrook	20.3	9 09	4 27
5 37 10 28 8.7	Penna. Furnace	16.9	8 56	4 15
5 44 10 34 10.6	Hostler f	15.0	8 50	4 08
5 50 10 45 12.3	Marengo f	13.6	8 45	4 01
5 57 10 52 13.5	Loveville f	12.1	8 37	3 55
6 04 10 58 16.2	Furnace Road f	10.4	8 31	3 49
6 08 11 02 15.8	Dungarvin f	9.8	8 27	3 46
6 18 11 10 18.2	Warriors Mark	7.4	8 19	3 38
6 28 11 20 20.5	Pennington	5.1	8 10	3 30
6 40 11 32 23.5	Stover	2.1	7 58	3 1
6 50 11 40 25.6	TYRONE		7 50	3 1

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE RAILROAD.—Time Table, Nov. 24, 1890.

Leaves Snow Shoe at 6.45 a m; arrives at Bellefonte at 8.45 a m.
Leaves Bellefonte at 10.30 a m; arrives at Snow Shoe at 12.10 p m.
Leaves Snow Shoe at 3.00 p m; arrives at Bellefonte at 4.50 p m.
Leaves Bellefonte at 8.25 p m; arrives at Snow Shoe at 7.50 p m.

S S BLAIR, General Supt.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE R. R.—BELLEFONTE, NITTANY AND LEMONT R. R. To take effect Nov. 24th, 1890.

Dis.	Westward a.m.	p.m.		a.m.	Eastward a.m.	p.m
0	5.50	2.15	MONTANDON	5.30	9.20	5.45
1.5	6.15	2.25	Ar. LEWISBURG. Lv	5.20	9.10	5.35
1.5	6.15	2.25	Lv. LEWISBURG. Ar	.....	9.10	5.35
3.4	6.30	2.35	Bieki f	.....	9.00	5.26
5.8	6.35	2.40	Vicksburg f	.....	8.58	5.20
9.7	6.45	2.50	MIFFLINBURG	.....	8.43	5.10
8.1	6.52	2.57	Barber f	.....	8.36	5.03
13.2	6.58	3.03	Swengle f	.....	8.30	4.58
12.1	7.00	3.05	Millmont	.....	8.27	4.55
18.6	7.08	3.14	LAURELTON	.....	8.17	4.46
23.5	7.19	3.25	Pardee f	.....	8.06	4.35
28.9	7.33	3.38	Cherry Run f	.....	7.53	4.22
27.9	7.48	3.48	Paddy Mt. Tunnel f	.....	7.43	4.12
33.9	7.48	3.54	Ingleby f	.....	7.39	4.07
35.6	7.53	4.00	Coburn	.....	7.39	4.00
39.6	8.01	4.08	Zerby f	.....	7.21	3.52
43.4	8.10	4.17	Rising Springs	.....	7.12	3.43
46.2	8.15	4.25	Penn's Cave f	.....	7.05	3.35
47.2	8.24	4.30	CENTRE HALL	.....	6.58	3.28
51.6	8.32	4.37	Gregg f	.....	6.51	3.23
54.6	8.37	4.43	Linden Hall	.....	6.46	3.16
56.7	8.42	4.48	OAK HALL	.....	6.38	3.11
58.3	8.46	4.52	LEMONT	.....	6.34	
59.2	8.51	4.57	Dale Summit f	.....	6.29	
63.9	9.00	5.06	Pleasant Gap f	.....	6.19	2.
65.2	9.04	5.10	Axeman f	.....	6.14	2.
67.4	9.10	5.15	BELLEFONTE	.....	6.10	2.4

CHAS E. PUGH ..... General Manager
ROBERT NEILSON ..... General Superintendent
S. B. WESTFALL ..... Superintendent

BELLEFONTE AND BUFFALO RUN RAILROAD.—On and after Wednesday, August 7, 1889, Trains on the Bellefonte and Buffalo Run Railroad will run as follows, leaving the PENN'A RAILROAD STATION.

EASTWARD. No. 6	No. 2	Dis.	STATIONS	Dis.	WESTWARD. No. 1	No. 5
P.M	A.M				A.M	P.M
6 29	9 10	18.	Ar. BELLEFONTE. Lv	0.	6 00	3 00
6 13	9 03	17.	Scales	1.	6 07	3 09
6 08	8 59	16	Morris	2.	6 11	3 13
6 03	8 54	15	Whitmer	4.	6 16	3 19
5 59	8 51		Lime		6 19	3 23
5 57	8 48	12.5	Hunters	5.5	6 22	3 25
5 53	8 44	11.3	Filmore	6.8	9 26	3 30
5 47	8 40	9.5	Briarly	8.5	6 32	3 36
5 43	8 36	8.	Waddles	10.	6 36	3 43
	8 33		Matterns			3 45
	8 25		Stevenstown			3 53
	8 19		Red Bank			3 59
5 39	8 09	6.5	Scotia Crossing	11.1	6 46	4 09
5 24	7 25	2.	Krumride	16.	7 00	4 5
5 20	7 20	0.	LYSTAVUS COLLEGE Ar	18.	7 04	5

Trains will stop at stations marked "F" when signal is given or notice to Conductor.
Train 2 connects with Trains east and west E V R R and S S Branch.
Train 6 connects with Trains east on B E R and the S S Branch.

THOS. A. SHOEMAKER, Supt.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Dec. 24th 1890.

	WESTWARD		
ERIE MAIL	leaves Philadelphia daily	11 25	p m
"	" Harrisburg "	3 30	a m
"	" Williamsport "	7 10	a m
"	" Jersey Shore "	7 32	a m
"	" Lock Haven "	7 47	a m
"	" Renovo "	8 50	a m
"	arrives at Erie "	3 40	p m
NIAGRA EXP.	leaves Phil'a week days	8 50	a m
"	" Harrisburg "	12 15	p m
"	arrives at Williamsport "	3 05	p m
"	" Lock Haven "	4 10	p m
"	" Renovo "	5 15	p m
"	" Kane "	9 15	p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		5 20	p m
FAST LINE	leaves Philada. week days	11 40	a m
"	" Harrisburg "	3 45	p m
"	" Williamsport "	7 10	p m
"	arrives at Lock Haven "	8 02	p m
"	" Renovo "	9 00	p m
NEWS EXP.	leaves Philadelphia	4 30	a m
"	" Harrisburg	10	a m
"	" Williamsport	11 10	a m
"	arrives at Lock Haven	12	p m
WMSPORT EXP.	leaves Philadelphia	4 25	p m
"	" Harrisburg	7 30	p m
"	arrive Williamsport	10 25	p m
	EASTWARD		
Jersey Shore EXP.	leaves L. Haven W.	7 20	a m
"	" Jersey Shore	7 35	a m
"	" Williamsport	8 15	a m
"	arrives at Harrisburg	11 30	a m
"	" Philadelphia	3 15	p m
DAY EXP.	leaves Kane week days	7 15	a m
"	" Renovo	10 55	a m
"	" Lock Haven	11 55	a m
"	" Williamsport	12 50	m
"	arrives at Harrisburg	4 00	p m
"	" Philadelphia	7 50	p m
ERIE MAIL	leaves Erie daily	3 25	p m
"	" Renovo	10 31	p m
"	" Lock Haven	11 25	p m
"	" Williamsport	12 25	a m
"	arrives at Harrisburg	3 22	a m
"	" Philadelphia	6 50	a m
RENOVO ACCN	leaves Renovo W.	1 30	p m
"	arrives at Harrisburg	9 45	p m
"	" Philadelphia	4 25	a m
WMSPORT EXP.	leaves Williamsport	2 42	a m
"	" arrives at Harrisburg	5 30	a m
"	" leaves	7 00	a m
"	" arrives at Philadelphia	10 20	m

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.
Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R'y; with B. R. & P. R'y; with N. Y., P. & O. R'y; at Emporium with B. N. Y. & P. R. R. and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

ROBERT PITCAIRN, Gen'l Pass'r Agent

THE PROGRAMME.

FOR THE PRIZE SPEAKING FOR THE REYNOLDS' MEDAL.

As was announced in this paper the prize speaking contest for the Major Wm. F. Reynolds' medal occurred in the High School room on Friday afternoon. At 2.30 o'clock, the hour set for the opening of the exercises, the room resembled a sardine box so full was it packed. Otherways it presented a strikingly handsome appearance. The members of the school had gone to considerable trouble and no little expense to beautify the room and their labors were not in vain.

The platform, handsomely carpeted, was rendered still more attractive by three tables placed thereon on which were vases containing handsome bouquets, while the entire top of the piano seemed one bower of blooming flowers. Aside from this handsome double curtains had been procured of that enterprising merchant, Edwin Garman, and placed at each window also at the centre door in the rear. These curtains were hooked back with ribbons—emblematic of the class colors.

It was promptly at 2.30 o'clock when Prof. Johnstonbaugh mounted the platform and opened the exercises by announcing an invocation by Rev. Dr. Laurie, which was followed by the full programme of music, declamations and recitations as follows:

Piano solo—Mary Schofield.

1—Mary Wright, A Legend of Bregenz.

2—Ella Twitmire, Becalmed.

3—Chas. Garner, The Blind Preacher.

Vocal trio by Misses Jennie Lukenbach, Ella Twitmire and Grace Lukenbach.

4—Geo. Brandon, The Defence of Hofer.

5—Rolan Curtin, The Veteran Soldier.

6—Harry Gerberich, Independence Day.

Instrumental solo, Mary Schofield.

7—Jennie Twitmire, The Drummer Boy's Burial.

8—Edith Austin, The Preacher's Vacation.

Vocal solo, Ella Twitmire.

9—Bessie Stroop, Kit Karson's Ride.

10—Rosa Levy, The Painter of Seville.

Vocal duet, Jennie Lukenbach and Ella Twitmire.

During the singing of the last named piece the judges, Revs. Noll and Laurie and J. C. Meyer, Esq., retired to the cloak room for consultation. They did not stay out long and when they returned to the room Mr. Meyer, in a fitting manner and after a few preliminary remarks announced that the judges had decided that the one entitled to receive the Major W. F. Reynolds' medal was Miss Ella Twitmire. He, however, stated that two others were deserving of favorable mention, and they were first, Miss Bessie Stroop, and second, Miss Mary Wright, both of Milesburg. The announcement of the successful one as well as the favorable mention of the others, was received with great applause by the members of the school. The prize offered is a medal worth fifteen dollars or the equivalent in money, as the winner prefers.

At the conclusion of the announcement of the judges the benediction was pronounced by Rev. Miles O. Noll after which all adjourned to the East Campus where the ceremony of planting the Class Tree of '91 was gone through with, the speech being made by Kline Woodring, at the conclusion of which Prof. Lieb called for three cheers and a tiger for the class of '91, and then Arbor Day exercises for 1891 were at an end.

An Object of Pity.

A young man who says his name is Charles R. Briner, residence Bellefonte, and age 18 years, is attracting much attention and considerable sympathy in this city from the fact that both his legs are off at the thighs. His disability is the result of an accident, having been run over by the cars at Tyrone, two years ago. The young man is soliciting aid to enable him to purchase artificial limbs.—L. H. *Express.*

Steady employment and liberal wages is offered in another column by Sears, Henry & Co., Geneva, N. Y. They are a reliable firm. Established 1865.

Will Marshall all Right.

The following from this morning's *Gazette and Bulletin* explains itself:

Yesterday's Gazette and Bulletin contained a special dispatch from Watsontown, stating that W. K. Marshall, of Bellefonte, had attempted to commit suicide. The news was received by wire, from the duly credited correspondent of this paper. It was published in good faith as legitimate news. It has since developed that the matter was a "joke," at the expense of Mr. Marshall. The correspondent's lack of judgment in the matter was as remarkable as it is inexcusable, and he has forfeited all the confidence that this paper placed in him. The published dispatch was injurious to the gentleman, and the correspondent should be prompt to make amends by a public acknowledgement of his error. The Gazette and Bulletin will not shield correspondents so lacking in the qualities that go to make up a reliable news gatherer, and will reveal this one's name unless he follows the advice above given.

Through the Weary Hours

Of many a night, made doubly long by its protracted agony, the rheumatic sufferer tosses to and fro on his sleepless couch, vainly praying for that rest which only comes by fits and starts. His malady is one which ordinary medicines too often fail to relieve, but there is ample evidence to prove that the efficient blood depurent, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, affords the rheumatic a reliable means of relief. Check the malady in its incipient stages, when the first premonitary twinges come on, with this agreeable medicine, and avoid years of torture. Whatever be the rational of active influence of the Bitters upon this malady, certain it is that no evidence relating to its effect is more direct and positive than that which relates to its action in case of rheumatism. Like all sterling remedies, however, it deserves a protracted, systematic trial, and should not be abandoned because not at once remedial. It is equally efficacious in dyspepsia, indigestion and kindred diseases.

The Water Tax.

The time will soon be here for the assessment of the annual water tax, and it is about time for the tax payers of Bellefonte to give those in authority to understand that this year the assessment of water tax must be made on a different basis from that of the past. If a man uses lots of water leave him pay for it, and if he runs a sausage mill, hydraulic elevator, printing press, or steam boilers with water from the reservoir, make him pay according to what he uses. This is only just and equitable to the poor man who don't use much water but who has to pay well for what he does use.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise. A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood. Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malarial fevers. For cure of Headache, Consumption and Indigestion try Electric Bitters. Entire satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Price 50 cents and $1.00 per bottle at C. M. Parrish's drug store.

THE democrats have for months been endeavoring to create the impression that the President was at heart opposed to reciprocity, but all their carefully built theories have tumbled back into the nothingness from which they were created since Mr. Harrison made that ringing reciprocity speech at Galveston, Tex.

Consumption Surely Cured.

To THE EDITOR:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above-named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their Express and P. O. address. Respectfully, T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl St., N. Y.

THE convention of the National Republican League at Cincinnati was like the republican party—a "corker," and all right.

Death of Mrs Keller

On Saturday afternoon about 3.30 o'clock Mrs. Margaret Keller, relict of Henry Keller, deceased, of Boalsburg, died at her home in that place after an illness of about two weeks. For a number of years Mrs. Keller had not been constitutionally robust but it was only about two weeks ago that she was taken severely ill. She was 77 years old in January. Her husband, Henry Keller, died about seven years ago.

Mrs. Keller was the mother of nine children, three of whom are dead and six still living. Those who preceded their mother were Mrs. Shaw, Mrs. A. C. Hutchinson and Henry Keller, Jr.; those who are yet living are Mrs. J. W. Rhone, of this place; Miss Clara and Miss Sallie, Col. D. S. Keller, our distinguished townsman, Mrs. G. C. Hall, of Honesdale, and B. Frank Keller, of Washington. All the children were at home on Friday and all were present around the death bed excepting Col. D. S. Keller, who was called home Saturday morning on business, intending to go back on Sunday morning, but on Saturday afternoon the silver cord of life was rent asunder and the life work of an eminent Christian lady was at an end.

The funeral will take place from the Keller residence, the home in which she has lived for 35 years, on Tuesday morning at 10.30 o'clock, interment to be made in the cemetery at Boalsburg.

At this season of the year when malaria [illegible] and blood conditions are not an unfrequent visitor, we long for a quick and effective remedy. There is scarcely a home without a sufferer from some of the many ills the flesh is heir to. A stimulant is after the intermediator. It is quick and effective. It brings relief and saves doctors bills. We can reccommend Mr. Max Klein for anything in the liquor line. His silver age Rye at $1.50 per quart is the best whiskey in the market. He will sell any Pennsylvania Rye Whiskey six years old, at 1.00 for each quart or six for $5.00. Send for his price list and catalogue and mention this paper.
Address MAX KLEIN,
82 Federal st., Allegheny, Pa.

Three Snakes at a Time.

Snake stories are already making their appearance. The latest is the adventure of Doc. Walker, of Glen Harris. It was one day last week when he came across a black snake and succeeded in killing the reptile, which measured over 6 feet. Before Doc. could get away from the spot he was compelled to kill a large rattlesnake and a genuine copper head. Just why they were so thick at that time and place is hard to determine unless they were charmed by Mr. Walker's good singing.

Prevention of Sickness.

The great Herb Pad of Aunt Rachel has been made and used by her and her friends over 50 years. Orders came from all over the country from friends and patients so she could not fill them all. She would never allow anyone to make them, or to see what were put in until now. she is over 85 years of age and has now imparted the secret to her son. The bouquet of the herbs and tincture arising from the pad before the face rids the air you breathe from the poisonous germs that cause disease. It makes the lungs healthy and strong, and the blood thoroughly purified with the improved air. Orders filled by Mail upon receipt of $2.00. Address: Aunt Rachel Pad Co., Passaic, N. J.

A Popular Hostelry.

It is truly remarkable what a popular hotel the Garman House has grown to be. Any one who might have observed the entrance to that house any day this week, between the hours of eleven and two, would see crowds of people going in and out, all either regular boarders or persons boarding there for the week. On Tuesday the crowd waiting for dinner was almost as large as a good sized political convention. Verily the Garman House is the favorite of Centre county people.

Rheumatism
—IS—
PROMPTLY CURED BY
St. Jacobs Oil
Cures Also:
Neuralgia,
Lumbago,
Sciatica,
Sprains,
Bruises,
Burns,
Wounds,
Swellings,
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Frost-bites,
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All Aches.
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Chas. A. Vogeler Co.,
Baltimore, Md.

ONE POUND
PEOPLES
HORSE AND CATTLE
POWDERS
TRADE MARK
CONTAINS NO POISON
—FOR—
Horses, Cattle, Sheep & Hogs.
Excels any remedy for the rapid cure of Hard Colds, Coughs, Hide Bound, Yellow Water, Fever, Distemper, Sore and Weak Eyes, Lung Fever, Costiveness, Blotches, and all difficulties arising from Impurities of the Blood. Will relieve Heaves at once. *Manufactured by the*
IOPPA MANUFACTURING CO., LYONS, N. Y.
FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS

I GIVE AWAY
To every reader of this paper who suffers from Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Liver Complaint, Sick Headache, Nervous Debility or Consumption, a free bottle of that most wonderful medicine, **Floraplexion,** which is the only absolute and permanent cure for the above named diseases. I can afford to do this because I know that nine out of every ten persons who try it will be so well satisfied with the results they will take pleasure in speaking about its marvelous curative virtues to all their friends and acquaintances. The value of this sort of advertising to me is worth many times the cost of the medicine given away, so I am well compensated for the seeming large expense.
I have over 70,000 letters on file from people who have been cured of one or more of the complaints above named. Write to-day stating your disease and receive a free bottle by return mail, or ask your druggist for it and get well. Address,
PROF. HART, 88 WARREN STREET, NEW YORK.

If You Have
No appetite, Indigestion, Flatulence, Sick Headache, "all run down," losing flesh, you will find
Tutt's Pills
the remedy you need. They tone up the weak stomach and build up the flagging energies. Sufferers from mental or physical overwork will find relief from them. Nicely sugar coated.
SOLD EVERYWHERE.

DR. THEEL
538 North Fourth St., below Green PHILADELPHIA,
Regular registered Physician and Surgeon, Graduate of the best Colleges. The acknowledged most successful specialist for speedy, safely and permanently curing.
SPECIAL DISEASES,
of both sexes, by an entirely new discovery. BLOOD POISON in its most malignant form, obstinate hard or soft ulcers, skin eruptions, blotches, pimples, swellings, inflammations, Bladder, Kidney, Heart, Lung, Liver, stomach, mouth, throat, nose, early decay, debility, loss of mental and physical strength, melancholy, pains from excesses or youthful errors. Cure is positive and lasting; relief at once. Fresh cases cured in 10 days, no experiment but skill and science. Do not be humbugged by deceiving advertisements but call or write and be saved. $15,000 will be paid to any advertising Doctor or Quacks who can show as many hopeless cases cured as I can. Send 2 cents stamp for book "TRUTH" and sworn testimonials exposing quacks and advice to all sufferers and those contemplating marriage. Office Hours—Every Day from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m., Evenings 6—8, Wednesday & Saturday Evenings from 6—8, Sundays from 9—12. Strictly confidential.
FOR REFERENCES see Wed. and Sat. Philadelphia Times.

QUICK & CERTAIN CURE
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Q. & C. does not stain. Prevents Stricture. Cures Gonorrhea and Gleet in 1 to 4 days. Our Perfection Syringe free with each bottle.
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$6000.00 a year is being made by John R. Goodwin, Troy, N. Y., at work for us. Reader, you may not make as much, but we can teach you quickly how to earn from $5 to $10 a day at the start, and more as you go on. Both sexes, all ages. Living part of America, you can commence at home, giving all your time or spare moments only to the work. All is new. Great pay MADE for every worker. We start you, furnishing everything, EASILY, QUICKLY learned. PARTICULARS FREE. Address at once, STINSON & CO., PORTLAND, MAINE.

A BIG TANK.

SOME OF THE REALISTIC FEATURES CONNECTED WITH "ONE OF THE FINEST," NEXT WEEK.

Our theatre goers will next Tuesday evening enjoy one of the rarest plays known to the patrons of the stage in many a day here. The appearance at the opera house of "One of the Finest" company, with their great tank scene is one of the marvels of the modern stage. But few people really know or understand what it means to put a tank on the stage, such as the one Manager Hassan shows at the opera house. A reporter yesterday learned some things in connection with that feature that will be a revelation to every theatre goer. The tank is 40 feet in length, 18 feet wide, and 30 inches in depth. It is built on the floor of the stage and inlaid with a monster tarpaulin cloth weighing 675 pounds. The wooden inclosure is held together by massive railing, fastened to heavy iron uprights rising from the floor. Into this inclosure over twenty tons of water will be turned. The immense pressure on the floor is secured by a system of props in the cellar, beneath, giving that part of the house the appearance of a young forest. Manager Hassan says that the tank is not one-fourth as big as he sometimes makes it, and that when it is built full size the weight on the stage floor is equivalent to ten cars loaded down with coal. It occupies practically one-half the stage of the opera house, and enjoys the distinction of being the first real presentation of the kind this city has ever seen. An idea of the labor and expense required is hard to obtain without a personal inspection of the stage, and the appearance of the company here with that feature works a great triumph for those whose taste demand the real rather than the imaginary in the productions of the playwrights of to-day.

A Lady's Perfect Companion.

"Painless Childbirth," our new book, tells how *any* woman may become a mother *without suffering any pain whatever.* Also, how to treat and overcome morning sickness, swelled limbs and other evils attending pregnancy. It is reliable, and highly endorsed by physicians as the wife's true private companion. Send two-cent stamp for descriptive circulars and confidential letter, sent in sealed envelope. Address FRANK THOMAS & Co., Publishers, Baltimore, Md.

Tyrone Opera House Burned.

Sunday morning about four o'clok fire was discovered in the Tyrone opera house, owned by Fisk Conrad, and before the fire companies could arrive it had gained such headway that it was impossible to arrest the flames until the building was burned to the ground. The opera house was on the second story, the first being occupied by a clothing and millinery stores. The fire originated on the stage of the opera house, how is not positively known.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

He Fingered the Buzz Saw.

Mr. Moses Thompson, of Centre Furnace, has a shingle mill in operation near his home. On Friday or Saturday he was at the mill when in operation and for some purpose reached to the saw when it was in motion, which act resulted in the loss to him of three fingers from his right hand. The accident was a severe shock to the aged gentleman, but last accounts report him getting along nicely.

Lutheran Synod to Meet

The annual conference of the Lutheran Synod of Central Pennsylvania will meet in the Lutheran church at Sa ona, on Tuesday, May 12th, and continue in session until the 14th. There are from fifteen to eighteen Lutheran ministers and as many lay delegates expected to attend. The program of exercises will be given later.

THE democratic managers seem to have rather overdone things in the so-called Western Commercial Congress recently held at Kansas city.

SULPHUR BITTERS
THE GREAT
German Remedy.
TRUTHS FOR THE SICK.

For those deathly Bilious Spells depend on SULPHUR BITTERS: it will cure you.

Do you suffer with that tired and all gone feeling; if so, use SULPHUR BITTERS: it will cure you.

Operatives who are closely confined in the mills and workshops; clerks, who do not procure sufficient exercise, and all who are confined in doors should use SULPHUR BITTERS. They will not then be weak and sickly.

If you do not wish to suffer from Rheumatism, use a bottle of SULPHUR BITTERS: it never fails to cure.

Don't be without a bottle. Try it; you will not regret it.

Ladies in delicate health, who are all run down, should use SULPHUR BITTERS.

$1,000 will be paid for a case where SULPHUR BITTERS will not assist or cure. It never fails.

Cleanse the vitiated blood when you see its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Blotches, and Sores. Rely on SULPHUR BITTERS, and health will follow.

SULPHUR BITTERS will cure Liver Complaint. Don't be discouraged; it will cure you.

SULPHUR BITTERS will build you up and make you strong and healthy.

SULPHUR BITTERS will make your blood pure, rich and strong, and your flesh hard.

Try SULPHUR BITTERS to-night, and you will sleep well and feel better for it.

Do you want the best Medical Work published? Send 3 2-cent stamps to A. P. ORDWAY & CO., Boston, Mass., and receive a copy, free.

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PURELY VEGETABLE
DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA
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GRANDEST - MODERN DISCOVERY
Triumph of Pharmacy
The only true practical
ELIXIR OF LIFE AND HEALTH.
is one that promotes digestion, improves the appetite, cleanses the liver, purifies the blood, and stimulates brain and nerves without *injurious reaction,* and one that may be taken alike by adult or infant. Profane compounds, made of vile rum or bad whiskey, sweetened and flavored, under the titles of bitters, tonics, &c, produce effects far worse than the disease for which they are taken.
Vinegar Bitters is a pure tonic, a nervine without being narcotic, a purifier without poison, a liver tonic without purging, and above all, a life-giving stimulant without alcohol. The only medicine with such powers *in the world.*
A GENUINE TEMPERANCE BEVERAGE,
far surpassing alcohol in any shape as a tonic it might be called
LIQUID LIFE,
since it stimulates, invigorates and regulates digestion, nutrition, secretion, excretion, respiration, and all the functions whereby life is maintained—we literally take in *vitality in spoonfuls.*
It is too much to assert that *the equal of Vinegar Bitters does not exist,* and no counterpart or compound with similar virtues has ever been known
CALIFORNIA,
if remarkable for nothing else, would be immortalized by the production of the medicinal fruits roots and herbs of which this Bitters is composed. Many of them used by the Indians and the medical profession in the treatment of chills and fevers, rheumatism, catarrh, consumption, neuralgia, headache, liver complaint, kidney disease, jaundice, gout, piles, boils, skin diseases, &c, &c., too numerous to mention, but easily understood when the action of the Bitters on the vital functions is remembered. The discovery was partly accidental but the present
PERFECT BITTERS IS THE RESULT OF SCIENCE.
Millions of sufferers have gratefully and gladly endorsed, during the past quarter of a century the wonderful success of this
PHENOMENAL TONIC OF THE WORLD.
In order to meet every probable demand, two formulas of the same ingredients are now put up,
THE OLD STYLE IS STRONGER, SLIGHTLY BITTER, AND MORE CATHARTIC.
THE NEW STYLE, PLEASANT TO THE TASTE, AND EXPRESSLY ADAPTED TO DELICATE WOMEN AND CHILDREN.
REMEMBER,
there is *no disease* of low vitality, debility of functions, or nervous prostration for which
VINEGAR BITTERS IS NOT CURATIVE,
and its singular power over the lower organisms renders it the implacable foe of
THE DEADLY MICROBE AND OMNIPRESENT BACTERIA
in malarial diseases, cholera, consumption, internal diseases, &c, and so great is its power as a germicide that it is an
UNEQUALLED VERMIFUGE.
A book could be written of its virtues, and another of testimonials, but it is only necessary to remember its general action upon the liver, blood, brain and nerves, to realize its use in a majority *of the ills that flesh is heir to, and that no family should ever be without a bottle of*
OLD AND NEW STYLE VINEGAR BITTERS IN THE HOUSE.
Send for our Ladies book. Address
Address R. H. McDONALD DRUG CO.,
Washington St., New York

I CURE FITS!
When I say CURE I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them return again. I MEAN A RADICAL CURE.
I have made the disease of
FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS,
A life-long study. I WARRANT my remedy to CURE the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a FREE BOTTLE of my INFALLIBLE REMEDY. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address
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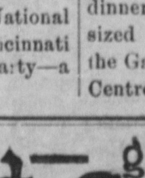
results from cleanliness and SAPOLIO:
It is a solid cake of scouring soap.
Try it in your next house-cleaning and be happy.
Looking out over the many homes of this country, we see thousands of women wearing away their lives in household drudgery that might be materially lessened by the use of a few cakes of SAPOLIO. If an hour is saved each time a cake is used, if one less wrinkle gathers upon the face because the toil is lightened, she must be a foolish woman who would hesitate to make the experiment, and he a churlish husband who would grudge the few cents which it costs.

Bellefonte Republican,

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Corespondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

CHAS. L. GATES, - - LESSEE
Editor and Business Manager.

Local Department.

—Court again this week.

—Bass season opens on June 1.

—The lilacs are now in bloom.

—How does your garden grow?

—Cherry blossoms are disappearing.

—The time for buckwheat cakes is over.

—Save up your pennies for the circus.

—Mr. Holtz planted his tree on Thursday.

—How does your garden grow this weather?

—Miss Stott has entered the Lock Haven Normal.

—The next new moon will come on Friday, May 8th.

—Cherry and peach blossoms are already disappearing.

—Altoona seems to be having a dearth of fires just now.

—Fisher's Dairy now delivers milk morning and evening.

—New potatoes were on Monday morning nipped by jack frost.

—There seems to be considerable talk about a new court house.

—Aside from the schools very few trees were planted on Arbor day.

—We hear of a number of new houses to be put up in the near future.

—W. B. Shirk, the butcher, now sports a new wagon and harness.

—Representative Baker says he is for Hastings first, last and all the time.

—Front doorstep courting and swinging on the gate will soon commence.

—The funeral of *Mrs.* Keller, at Boalsburg, occurred on Tuesday morning.

—The "Ouija" still continues its sway among the superstitious ladies in Bellefonte.

—John W. Cooke's house on Allegheny street is being beautified by a fresh coat of paint.

—The new fence along the north side of Col. J. L. Spangler's property improves it very much.

—A friend in Williamsport sent Mrs. D. H. Hastings a very handsome stuffed white owl.

—Rev. C. H. Fitzwilliam, of Tyrone, will deliver the Decoration Day oration for the George L. Potter post in Milesburg.

—The courts have decided that it isn't legal to kiss one's typewriter, without first obtaining the interested one's consent. See!

—Last summer Harrisburg had the "Destruction of Pompeii." This year arrangements are being made to give the "Siege of Sebastopol."

—We publish in another column an article from the pen of John H. Rice, of New York. Although we don't concur in his sentiments yet his article is worth considering.

—During the past week both Harry Keller and Henry Quigley had their maiden cases, and both their clients were sent to jail; but then the court was to blame for that.

—The boy, who with Alex. Grimes set fire to the woods down about Coburn, and who was sentenced to the Huntingdon Reformatory, was taken to that institution on Thursday evening.

A tree in the rear of the house now occupied by Mr. F. C. Montgomery is so entirely covered with blossoms that not one leaf can be seen. It is simply a pyramid of white blossoms.

—It is stated that six feet in length is to be added to the Pennsylvania railroad passenger cars. This will permit of larger picnic parties going on an excursion. How delightful! Isn't it?

—On May 15th and 16th an ice cream festival will be held in the Grauer building, Snow Shoe, by the members of the M. E. church, proceeds to be devoted to the benefit of the church.

—Superintendent Etters will be one to compose the committee on final examinations to take place on June 16, at the Lock Haven Normal school.

—Something remarkable: The democratic newspapers have just found out a scheme to make General Hastings Governor in 1894. A good scheme, and there are lots in it.

—A large box of handsome cut flowers arrived on Monday evening from Harry Chappel, of Williamsport; they were the flowers which covered the last resting place of Mrs. Jenkins.

—Mr. Harry Shaw, of Shirk's butcher shop, went to his home in Howard on Saturday and, upon his arrival, was surprised to find that his family had increased by the addition of a fair, but rather young, maiden, which arrived on Friday. Congratulations.

—A cow belonging to Mrs. Wm. Campbell, of Milesburg, was killed by the Snow Shoe train on Friday at the curve between Bellefonte and Milesburg. The mishap occurred at almost the same place where the Day Express killed the cow of Mr. Ertle, of Milesburg, on Tuesday evening.

—H. H. Hrrshbarger and Samuel Ryan have been making a tour of the town to see how much water tax to put on the poor man. *Mr.* Ryan says, strange as it may seem, yet according to their own statement, there is not a family in Bellefonte that makes use of a hose.

—It has been reliably ascertained that out of 185 cases of successful swindling through the state by traveling sharpers, in various ways by which people of the rural districts were robbed, some to the extent of thousands of dollars, only nine were subscribers or readers of the home county papers.

—General Hastings recently lectured in Philadelphia and the house in which he lectured was crowded to its utmost capacity, while the press of that city were loud in their praise of the General's lecture. If you want to hear him you may do so on next Monday evening in the opera house.

—Friday morning a whole car load of representatives from Harrisburg came up over the Lemont railroad to visit State College. This, probably, is the delegation of farmers who intended coming with the Legislative Investigating Committee but that body ran away from them, hence they were obliged to come here alone.

—The proposed strike in the coal regions did not take place on Friday as was generally believed it would. Dispatches this morning from all over the country state that affairs are quiet everywhere and there is not the least prospect of a strike. In Pittsburg trades circles, however, several thousand men went out on a strike for the eight hour a day system, but the organization does not seem to be complete and it is believed the strike will be of short duration.

J. Linn Harris, Burgess of Bellefonte, and Ernest Kitson, superintendent of the electric light plant there, are in the city. They will visit Brown's Mills, N. J., where Mrs. Kitson is sojourning, and have had a business conference with George W. Woodford, the temperance lecturer.—Philadelphia *Times*.

Horehound and Elecampane Cordial.

Each of the component parts of Aunt Rachel's Horehound Elecampane Root and Speer's Grape Juice is a cure for pulmonary complaints. The Grape Juice and Horehound are combined with Elecampane in the proportions recommended by the best physician for throat and lung diseases. For sale by druggists, or at Aunt Rachel's home, Passaic, N. J.

Snow to Day.

This morning the tiny snow flake could be seen flying quite thick, and this the 6th day of *May*. In addition to this we are informed that on the mountain there is snow enough to make good snow balling.

Ex-Judge Christian and wife, of Richmond, Va., were arrivals in Bellefonte Friday morning. Mrs. Christian will be remembered as the vivacious and charming Mrs. T. R. Reynolds.

Wanted.—A good appetite. You can have it easy enough by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. It tones the digestion and cures sick headache.

A SORROWFUL AFFLICTION.

A PROMINENT BELLEFONTE LADY MEETS A TRAGIC DEATH AT HOWARD.

Never before has the village of Howard, and we might add, as well, Bellefonte, been so shocked and startled, as they were on Saturday evening by the announcement of the tragic death at the former place of Mrs. W. R. Jenkins, of this place. Coming as it did without warning and just at the time when the lady had apparently been enjoying better health than she had for months and there were bright hopes of her entire recovery from a lingering illness, the news was appaling and the shock doubly severe. Not one among her friends, and they were legion, but what shed tears of sorrow for the untimely death of one of the kindest friends, the best of neighbors, and the most social of companions. The entire community around about Howard was in tears and mourning. Such was the feeling of her friends and neighbors; but no language of ours can depict the depth of the gloom of sadness and sorrow that must have fallen around the afflicted husband and son. To thus suddenly be bereft of all that life holds most dear is heart-rending beyond all description. A loving and affectionate wife and a mother who has filled that position in every sense of the word, the blow was almost enough to kill, and the only consolation possible can be found in the knowledge that "He doeth all things well," and that in the bright hereafter beyond the grave there will be a separation that knows no parting, neither sorrow nor tears.

The particulars of this sad affair are as follows: On Saturday afternoon about three o'clock Mrs. Jenkins, who has been a sufferer for some time but who then felt so much improved, expressed a desire for a drive, and in company with Mrs. Dorworth, her sister-in-law, drove to Howard arriving there about five o'clock. Mrs. Jenkins stopped with her friend, Mrs. David McKinney, who keeps a millinery store in that place, and Mrs. Dorworth drove to Mr. W. C. Jenkins. About 8 o'clock Mrs. Jenkins complained of feeling tired and said she would lay down on the lounge. Shortly after Mrs. McKinney was called into her store to wait on some customers. At ten minutes past eight Mrs. Dorworth returned and not finding Mrs. Jenkins in the house went to the store room just adjoining and made inquiry receiving the assurance that she had been lying on the lounge not ten minutes before. Search was at once made through the house but failing to find her there the alarm was given and a general search instituted. Attention was soon called to the well by the finding of a handkerchief on the curb. Investigation was at once made and everybody was horrified to find her then lifeless body floating on the top of the water eighteen feet below the surface. The well is 48 feet deep and there is 30 feet of water in it. She was lying on her back with her arms crossed. Steps were at once taken and the body soon after recovered, but life was extinct. Word was at once telephoned to this place and Mr. Jenkins had just time to catch the late train while Harry went down, with some friends, in a carriage.

Mrs. Jenkins' maiden name was Elizabeth Gardner. She was the youngest of three daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Green Gardner, of Howard. Her mother died when she was an infant and her father a number of years later; her two sisters are still living.

Mrs. Jenkins was 51 years old in January. She was born, raised and lived in Bald Eagle valley until her marriage with Mr. William Jenkins in 1867. Shortly afterwards they moved to Bellefonte where they have since resided, Mr. Jenkins now being the head of the firm of Jenkins & Lingle, foundrymen and machinists. The family residence is the old Blanchard property, now owned by Mr. Jenkins, on Allegheny street, but owing to Mrs. Jenkins' illness, the house has been closed for some time and they have been stopping with Dr. E. S. Dorworth, in order that Mrs. Jenkins could have the full benefit of the Doctor's medical attention. It is reported that it was the intention to open up their house and go to housekeeping again some time this week.

The arrangements for the funeral are as follows: The body has been embalmed by Mr. Henry Harris, undertaker, of this place, and was brought to Bellefonte this morning on the 10.20 train. It was taken to the family residence on High street, from which place the funeral will occur tomorrow afternoon at 2.30 o'clock, interment to be made in the Union cemetery.

Her life's work on earth is ended; the mystic vale between this world and that fairer clime parted and the immortal spirit has passed into that blissful haven of rest. Truly can it be said of her "she fought the good fight and will enter into her reward." In the future when the grass has grown green over the lowly mound there will be many to assemble and plant flowers on her grave while their tears bedew the earth and their hearts swell with sorrow for the loss of one who was dear to all. And to the family, truly have they the sympathy of an entire community in this their sad and trying affection. May the Great God above kindly temper their sorrow and help them to bear this almost overwhelming burden.

J. F Reese Dead.

This morning at six minutes after one o'clock, Jerome Frances Reese, a carpenter contractor at this place, died at his home on Blair street, above Glen Hope, after a short illness of but a week's duration, of pneumonia. About one week ago he contracted a cold which finally resulted in pneumonia causing death.

The deceased was born in Fillmore, Centre county, December 29, 1844, and therefore was at time of death 46 years, 4 months and 14 days of age. Had he lived until next month he would have been a resident of Tyrone three years, and during that comparatively short time he has many and sincere friends who deeply regret his early demise. He has been married twenty one years and beside his grief stricken wife he leaves four children, two girls and two boys, all of whom have the heartfelt sympathy of the entire community.

His children are named Lina, Blanche, Charley and Warren, the oldest of whom is aged twenty years. He is also survived by three sisters and brothers, who are Perry, of Kylertown, Clearfield county; Aaron, of Port Matilda; Joseph, of Maryville, Nodaway county, Missouri; Mrs. David Burket, of Franklin, Pa.; Mrs. George Twitmyer, of Honesdale, Wayne county, and Mrs. Alexander Hoover, of Filmore, Centre county.

Funeral services will be conducted at the late residence of the deceased Wednesday morning at ten o'clock, by Rev. C. H. Fitzwilliam. Interment will follow in Tyrone cemetery.

PLEASE READ THIS.

Anybody who may be in need of a monument or tombstone, I would ask them to call and see me before purchasing their work. I have on hand a very large stock of finished and unfinished monuments and tombstones and can get up a stone of most any size or description on short notice. By calling at my yard you can see just what you are getting and you will save at least part of the per centage you would have to pay by buying from an agent. It will not cost you anything to call and see me and I know you can save money. I will convince you that this is correct when you come to see me. Respectfully,

A. M. MOTT.

One shop on High street the other on Water street near big spring.

a16-d 3t—w 2t.

Letter List.

BELLEFONTE Pa., May 4, 1891.

The following letters remain uncalled for in the Bellefonte postoffice:

Deitzel, Hulder; Hall, Frank; Myer, Edith S.; Rude, George; Rosie, Antona; Shadle, John M.; Vastine, Marion K.; Weaver, Henrietta

When called for please say advertised. J. A. FIEDLER, P. M.

25 cents invested in a bottle of Salvation Oil will do a great deal of good! Buy it. Try it.

The saving "time is money" is best illustrated by the prompt action of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup in all cases of colds, coughs, &c. Price 25 cents.

Mr. Eustace Grimes, formerly stenographer and typewriter in the Buffalo Run railroad office, but who now fills a responsible position under the state government at Harrisburg, was an arrival in Bellefonte Saturday morning.

Personal Pencilings.

Miss Oamacht, of this place, is visiting friends in Philipsburg.

Mr. Frank Keller, of Washington, is now at his old home in this county.

Mr. George L. Potter departed on Wednesday evening for New York city.

Judge Dean, of Hollidaysburg, is attending court in Bellefonte this week.

Mr. C. Buck, of Unionville, accompanied the excursion party to Tennessee.

G. W. Ellenberger, of Guyer, was transacting business in Bellefonte on Saturday.

Miss Carrie Gross departed on Friday for a brief visit with friends in Williamsport.

Mrs. Bassett, of Philadelphia, is visiting her parents, *Mr.* and *Mrs.* James Hughes, on Academy Hill.

Miss Bridget Curry, of this place, departed on Friday for Lock Haven, where she will spend a short time visiting friends.

Miss Clara Anderson, one of Bellefonte's fair compositors, returned on Monday evening from a visit to Williamsport.

Mrs. D O. Etters and children returned to Bellefonte on Tuesday after spending a few days at her home near State College.

Mr. E. D. Noll, of this place, departed on Monday for Hastings, Pa., where he has an engagement to plaster the Hastings Club House.

Mrs. E. W. Hale returned on Monday from the South where the family spent the winter season. Dr. Hale will return about the first of June.

Miss Lettie Hartman, of this place, departed on Monday for Three Rivers, Michigan, to spend the summer with her grand parents in that place. We wish her a pleasant season.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Woodcock returned to Bellefonte on Thursday evening, Mr. Woodcock from Williamsport where he had gone on a business trip, and Mrs. Woodcock from Philadelphia and other eastern cities where she has been visiting friends the past months.

"Old Hutch," the Chicago wheat king, who mysteriously disappeared a few days ago, has turned up in Evansville, Ind., where he was found wandering aimlessly through the streets. It is feared that his mind is affected. He is now in the custody of the police, awaiting instructions from his son.

Mr. John A. Way, of Halfmoon township, was in town on Monday morning between trains. In the one hour he was in Bellefonte John was sworn in as a justice of the peace and in addition transacted business at half a dozen other places. This only goes to prove that when John has business to transact he is a rusher and no mistake.

W. I. Swoope, Esq., returned on Wednesday evening from a business trip to Somerset county. Mr. Swoope's reputation as an able practitioner, seems to be spread far and wide. It will be remembered that last year he spent several months in Texas attending to business of a legal nature.

Female Weakness. Positive Cure Free.

To THE EDITOR—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the thousand and one ills which arise from deranged female organs. I will send two bottles of my remedy, free to any lady, if they will send their Express and P. O. address.

Yours truly, DR. J. B. MARCHISI,
Utica, N. Y.

If you want a position, on salary, expenses paid, see advertisement on page seventh, headed "A Chance to Make Money."

See a young lady in another column with one of Aunt Rachel's Herb Pads on. It cures disease and it disinfects the air you breathe. Read about it.

Laid to Rest.

On Tuesday afternoon a large concourse of sorrowing friends assembled at the residence of Mr. Wm. Jenkins, on High street, to take the last look at one whom all held in such high esteem and to show sympathy by their presence ere the cold remains of Mrs. Jenkins were consigned to the tomb. The body inclosed in a black cloth covered casket, without any ornamentation save the massive silver handles and silver plate on the lid. A pillow of choice flowers was placed at the head of the casket while a profusion of choice buds and blossoms covered the entire foot of same.

The funeral service commenced promptly at 2 o'clock by a selected choir singing "Just as I am." Rev. William Laurie read a portion of scripture after which prayer was offered by Rev. Long, pastor of the Lock Haven Disciple church. The funeral service continued for a full half hour both reverend gentlemen speaking. At the conclusion of the ceremonies the funeral procession moved slowly to the Union cemetery where interment was made. The following gentlemen acted as pall bearers: Messrs. L. T. Munson, Harry Valentine, Ellis Orvis, A. J. Cooke, John P. Harris and Fearon mann.

Through the Weary Hours

Of many a night, made doubly long by its protracted agony, the rheumatic sufferer tosses to and fro on his sleepless couch, vainly praying for that rest which only comes by fits and starts. His malady is one which ordinary medicines too often fail to relieve, but there is ample evidence to prove that the efficient blood depurent, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, affords the rheumatic a reliable means of relief. Check the malady in its incipient stages, when the first premonitary twinges come on, with this agreeable medicine, and avoid years of torture. Whatever be the rational of active influence of the Bitters upon this malady, certain it is that no evidence relating to its effect is more direct and positive than that which relates to its action in case of rheumatism. Like all sterling remedies, however, it deserves a protracted, systematic trial, and should not be abandoned because not at once remedial. It is equally efficacious in dyspepsia, indigestion and kindred diseases.

The Keller-Orvis Wedding.

To-morrow evening is the time set for the consummation of the marriage of *Miss* Nannie Orvis to *Mr.* Harry Keller. The event will be one of the most important that will occur in Bellefonte for some time. Both the young parties are so well and favorably known in Bellefonte that they have a whole host of well-wishers. The invitations issued to Bellefonte parties, however, are somewhat limited.

THE ENEMY IN AMBUSH.

Every one knows that at this season of the year disease lies in ambush, every ready to pounce and prey upon the weak. And any fair-minded physician will tell you that the only safeguard lies in keeping the system thoroughly keyed up by the use (not abuse) of a reliable stimulant. Hundreds of tonics are advertised for this purpose, but experience shows that a pure rye whiskey is the only one to be depended upon. Max Klein's "Silver Age" and "Duquesne" brands are sold under a sworn guarantee of absolute purity; an affidavit accompanies each bottle. "Silver Age" sells for $1.50 and "Duquesne" at $1.25 per full quart bottle. The difference in age makes the difference in price—both brands are warranted to be unadulterated.

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Frank Deitrich, of Zion, and Emma Dugan, of Farmers' Mills.

Jeremiah Funk and Kate Rothrock, both of Philipsburg.

Irvin Way and Estella M. Hoover, both of Unionville.

Leander Green and Annie Stuart, both of Bellefonte.

J. A. Weaver and Fannie K. Mowrey, both of Hublersburg.

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